ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors	WS Holmes R Sciortino JA Kaufman (appointed 30 January 2018, resigned 1 July 2019) DA Whileman (appointed 30 January 2018) EJ Lynch (appointed 1 July 2019)
Company secretary	A Rushton
Registered number	11056188
Registered office	Euro Card Centre Herald Park Herald Drive Crewe Cheshire CW1 6EG
Independent auditor	RSM UK Audit LLP Festival Way Stoke-on-Trent Staffordshire ST1 5BB

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STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

Introduction

The directors have pleasure in submitting their Strategic Report for Radius Payment Solutions Midco Limited ("the Company") for the period ended 31 March 2019.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the Company is that of a holding company.

On 30 January 2018, Radius Payment Solutions Topco Limited became the ultimate parent of a group of companies including Radius Payment Solutions Midco Limited and all of its subsidiaries ("the Group"). The transaction occurred partly to facilitate a minority investment in the Group by Inflexion Private Equity and the raising of additional debt finance including a new five-year Senior Facilities Agreement with a seven bank syndicate.

Radius Payment Solutions Midco Limited is an immediate holding company in the Radius Payment Solutions Topco Limited Group which has several trading subsidiaries. The principal activities of the Group involve the provision of services to the fleet and logistics sector.

Business review

The directors are satisfied with the results of the business as they are in line with forecasts and expectations for the period.

The Company provides finance to the Group via shareholder loan notes, further information on these borrowings is included in note 12. Interest of £37,540,000 (2017: £Nil) was charged on the loan notes and £29,753,000 (2017: £Nil) in relation to intercompany loans.

As a parent undertaking the Company received no dividend income from subsidiaries in the current period. Interest income of £77,346,000 (2017: £Nil) was received from a subsidiary in the current period. Key performance indicators are not considered necessary for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business of the Company.

A more comprehensive review of the Group's performance is contained within the Strategic Report of Radius Payment Solutions Topco Limited.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The company is wholly dependent upon the trading performance of its direct and indirect subsidiaries to maintain its trading ability.

This report was/approved by the board and signed on its behalf. WS Holmes

Director

Date: 28th August 2019

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the period ended 31 March 2019.

Directors' responsibilities statement

The Company have not disclosed the following sections of the Directors' Report "Business review, key performance indicators and risks and uncertainties" as these have been included within the Strategic Report.

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the Company's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Company was incorporated on the 9 November 2017 and produced dormant accounts to 31 December 2017. These financial statements are for a period of 455 days. The Company has chosen the longer period so that its year end is co-terminus with other group companies.

Results and dividends

The profit for the period, after taxation, amounted to £10,028,000.

The results for the period are shown in the Statement of Comprehensive Income on page 7. These results are included in the consolidated financial statements of Radius Payment Solutions Topco Limited.

The directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend making the total dividends for the period £nil (2017: £nil).

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

Directors

The directors who have served in the period and up to the date of signing the financial statements were:

WS Holmes R Sciortino JA Kaufman (appointed 30 January 2018, resigned 1 July 2019) DA Whileman (appointed 30 January 2018) EJ Lynch (appointed 1 July 2019)

Future developments

The company's strategic focus continues to be that of a holding company.

Financial instruments

Liquidity Risk

The company actively maintains strong cash collection and credit control procedures to ensure it has sufficient funds for operational purposes.

Cash flow Risk

Cash flow review and forecasting is an integral part of the financial review and monitoring process; working capital controls are in place to ensure that the company is adequately funded.

Disclosure of information to auditor

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of
 any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

Auditor

The auditor, RSM UK Audit LLP, Statutory Auditor, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

WS Holmes Director

Date: 28th August 2019

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF RADIUS PAYMENT SOLUTIONS MIDCO LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Radius Payment Solutions Midco Limited (the 'company') for the period ended 31 March 2019 which comprise Statement of Comprehensive Income, Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Changes in Equity and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2019 and of its profit for the period then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may
 cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
 accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are
 authorised for issue.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF RADIUS PAYMENT SOLUTIONS MIDCO LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and the directors' report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and the directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report and the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Other matter

The company was exempt from audit in the period ended 31 December 2017 and consequently the corresponding figures are unaudited.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: <u>http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</u> This description forms part of our auditor's report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF RADIUS PAYMENT SOLUTIONS MIDCO LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

RSM in Aulitar

Jonathan Lowe (Senior statutory auditor)

for and on behalf of RSM UK Audit LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants Festival Way Stoke-on-Trent Staffordshire ST1 5BB

28th August 2019

	Note	455 days ended 31 March 2019 £000	52 days ended 31 December 2017 £000
Administrative expenses		(25)	1
Operating loss	1	(25)	
Interest receivable and similar income	5	77,346	~
Interest payable and expenses	6	(67,293)	-
Profit before tax		10,028	
Tax on profit	8	·**	1
Profit after tax and loss for the financial year	-	10.028	

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE 455 DAYS ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

The notes on pages 10 to 18 form part of these financial statements.

RADIUS PAYMENT SOLUTIONS MIDCO LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 11056188

	Note		31 March 2019 £000		31 December 2017 £000
Fixed assets					
Investments	9		-		2
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	10	707,346		ā	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	707,346 (289,250)			
Net current assets			418,096		-
Total assets less current liabilities Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	12	(333,068)	418,096	-	<u> </u>
	-		(333,068)		τ.
Net assets			85,028		*
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	13 15		75,000 10,028		
		-	85.028		

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2019

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

WS Holmes Director

Date: 28th August 2019 The notes on pages 10 to 18 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE 455 DAYS ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

	Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Total equity
	£000	£000	£000
At 9 November 2017		: :*	-
Total comprehensive income for the period		•	-
Total transactions with owners	-		
At 31 December 2017			
Comprehensive income for the period Profit for the year		10,028	10,028
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	10,028	10,028
Transactions with owners Share capital issued (note 13)	75,000		75,000
Total transactions with owners	75,000	-	75,000
At 31 March 2019	75,000	10.028	85,028

1. General information

Radius Payment Solutions Midco Limited ("the Company") is a private company limited by shares and is registered, domiciled and incorporated in England.

The address of the Company's registered office and principal place of business is Eurocard Centre, Herald Park, Herald Drive, Crewe, Cheshire, CW1 6EG.

The Company's principal activities and nature of operations are disclosed in the Strategic report. During the period, the company changed its accounting period to 31 March to be co-terminus with other members of the Radius Payment Solutions Topco Limited Group.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006, including the provisions of the Large and Medium-sized Companies and Groups (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008, and under the historical cost convention.

Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest whole £1,000 except where otherwise indicated. The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies (see note 3).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Financial reporting standard 102 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by the FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland":

- the requirements of Section 4 Statement of Financial Position paragraph 4.12(a)(iv);
- the requirements of Section 7 Statement of Cash Flows;
- the requirements of Section 3 Financial Statement Presentation paragraph 3.17(d);
- the requirements of Section 11 Financial Instruments paragraphs 11.41(b), 11.41(c), 11.41(e), 11.41(f), 11.42, 11.44 to 11.45, 11.47, 11.48(a)(iii), 11.48(a)(iv), 11.48(b) and 11.48(c);
- the requirements of Section 12 Other Financial Instruments paragraphs 12.26 to 12.27, 12.29(a), 12.29(b) and 12.29A;
- the requirements of Section 33 Related Party Disclosures paragraph 33.7.

This information is included in the consolidated financial statements of Radius Payment Solutions Topco Limited as at 31st March 2019 and these financial statements may be obtained from its registered office Eurocard Centre, Herald Park, Herald Drive, Crewe, Cheshire, CW1 6EG.

2.3 Consolidated financial statements

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption in section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements. Consequently, these financial statements present the financial position and financial performance of the Company as a single entity.

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Going concern

The Directors are satisfied that the Company's activities will be funded by the Radius Payment Solutions Topco Limited Group for at least 12 months from the date of signing the financial statements. The directors therefore consider that it is wholly appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

2.5 Financial instruments

The Company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102, in full, to all of its financial instruments. Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument, and are offset only when the Company currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Financial assets

Group and other debtors

Group and other debtors which are receivable within one period are initially measured at the transaction price. Trade debtors are subsequently measured at amortised cost, being the transaction price less any amounts settled and any impairment losses.

Financial liabilities and equity

Financial instruments are classified as liabilities and equity instruments according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities.

Equity instruments

Financial instruments classified as equity instruments are recorded at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of direct costs of issuing the equity instruments.

Group and other creditors

Group and other creditors payable within one period that do not constitute a financing transaction are initially measured at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost, being the transaction price less any amounts settled.

Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at the transaction price, including transaction costs, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and other similar charges.

Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

A financial asset is derecognised only when the contractual rights to cash flows expire or are settled, or substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to another party, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party. A financial liability (or part thereof) is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.7 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

2.8 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting. Dividends on shares recognised as liabilities are recognised as expenses and classified within interest payable.

2.9 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the current tax expense and deferred tax expense. Current tax assets are recognised when tax paid exceeds the tax payable.

Current tax is based on taxable profit for the period. Taxable profit differs from total comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other periods. Current tax assets and liabilities are measured using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax is not discounted.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised in respect of all timing differences that exist at the reporting date. Timing differences are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income that arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in different periods from their recognition in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered by the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Current and deferred tax is charged or credited in profit or loss.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities and deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if and only if, there is a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and the entity intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.10 Fixed asset investments

In the separate accounts of the Company, interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are assessed for impairment at each reporting date. Any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

2.11 Other income

Interest income

Interest income is accrued on a time-apportioned basis, by reference to the principal outstanding at the effective interest rate.

3. Judgments in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The Company makes estimates, judgements and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates and assumptions will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results.

The directors consider there are no estimates, judgements and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

4. Employees

Staff costs were as follows:

The directors received no emoluments during the period (2017: £nil) and there were no benefits accruing under money purchase pension plans (2017: £nil).

The directors of Radius Payment Solutions Midco Limited are remunerated by companies which are part of the Radius Payment Solutions Topco Limited group.

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the period was 4 (2017: 2).

5. Interest receivable

6.

7.

	31 March 2019 £000	31 December 2017 £000
Interest receivable from group undertakings	77,346	:20
=	77,346	
Interest payable and similar expenses		
	31 March 2019 £000	31 December 2017 £000
Interest on loan notes Interest payable to group undertakings	37,540 29,753	120 -
-	67,293	
Auditor's remuneration		
	31 March 2019 £000	31 December 2017 £000

Fees payable to the Company's auditor and its associates for the audit of the Company's annual financial statements

-

8. Taxation

Corporation tax	31 March 2019 £000	31 December 2017 £000
Current tax on profits for the period	-	
Total current tax Deferred tax Tax rate changes		
Total deferred tax		
Taxation on profit		

Factors affecting tax charge for the period

The tax assessed for the period is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19%. The differences are explained below:

	31 March 2019 £000	31 December 2017 £000
Profit before tax	<u> </u>	
Profit multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19%	1,905	-
Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Group relief Deferred tax not provided	147 (5,136) 3,084	2 - 2
Total tax charge for the period		

Factors that may affect future tax charges

A deferred tax asset arises on the shareholder loan interest as 50% is not paid in cash but instead compounded onto the loan balance (note 12). This has not been recognised as there is uncertainty when the remaining interest will be paid or whether a corporation tax deduction will be available.

The standard rate of corporation tax in the United Kingdom for the period is 19%. The Finance Act 2016 enacted a further reduction in the main rate of corporation tax to 17% with effect from 1 April 2020. Deferred tax has therefore been provided at a rate of 17%.

9. Investments

Shares in group undertakings £000

Cost

At 31 December 2017 and 31 March 2019

On 30 January 2018, the Company acquired 100% of the share capital of Radius Payment Solutions Bidco Limited for consideration of \pounds 1.

The Company directly holds more than 20% of the equity (and no other share or loan capital) of the following undertakings:

Name	Registered office	Nature of business	Ordinary shareholding
Subsidiary undertai	kings:		Company
Radius Payment Solutions Bidco Limited	Eurocard Centre, Herald Park, Herald Drive, Crewe, Cheshire, CW1 6EG, England	Holding company	100%

Undertakings in which the company indirectly holds more than 20% of the equity (and no other share or loan capital) can be seen in the financial statements of Radius Payment Solutions Bidco Limited.

10. Debtors

	March 2019 £000	December 2017 £000
Amounts falling due within one period:		
Amounts owed by group undertakings	707,346	-
	707,346	

11. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one period

	March 2019 £000	December 2017 £000
Amounts owed to group undertakings Corporation tax Accruals and deferred income	285,150 4,100	
	289,250	

Barclays Bank plc holds a charge over shares of the Company (dated 30 January 2018) guaranteeing all their rights, title and interest by way of first fixed charge.

Barclays Bank plc holds a charge and assignment over the subordinated debt of the Company (dated 30 January 2018) guaranteeing the subordinated debt, subordinated documents and all their rights by way of first fixed charge.

12. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one period

	March 2019 £000	December 2017 £000
Shareholder loan notes	333,068	- 2
	333,068	

The shareholder loan notes were issued at par on 30 January 2018 for £314,252,000. Interest of 10% is charged per annum with 50% paid in cash and 50% compounded onto the loan balance. The cash payments are made on a quarterly basis. The shareholder loan notes are repayable in a period greater than 5 years, subject to an exit event.

13. Share capital

Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid	March 201 9 £000	December 2017 £000
7,500,000,100 Ordinary shares of £0.01	<u> </u>	

Ordinary share rights

The Company's ordinary shares, which carry no right to fixed income, each carry the right to one vote at general meetings of the Company.

Share issues

On 30 January 2018, 7,500,000,000 ordinary shares with a nominal value of £0.01 were issued.

14. Related party transactions

The following transactions occurred with related parties during the period:

During the period the Company issued loan notes of £175,027,000 to certain directors, close family members and key management personnel of the parent company which are subject to interest as set out in note 12. The interest outstanding at the end of the period was £2,259,000. The total amount outstanding at the period end in relation to loan notes held by directors, close family members and key management personnel of the parent company was £187,714,000.

During the period the Company issued loan notes of \pounds 75,000,000 to a corporate minority shareholder of the Group. The loan notes are subject to interest as set out in note 12 and the amount outstanding at the end of the period was \pounds 968,000. The total amount outstanding at the period end in relation to loan notes held by the corporate entity was \pounds 80,437,000.

15. Reserves

Profit and loss account

Reserves of the Company represent the following:

Retained earnings

Cumulative profit and loss net of distributions to owners.

16. Controlling party

Radius Payment Solutions Midco Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of Radius Payment Solutions Topco Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales.

The directors consider the ultimate parent undertaking to be Radius Payment Solutions Topco Limited.

The directors consider there to be no ultimate controlling party.

Radius Payment Solutions Topco Limited is the smallest and largest company for which consolidated accounts including Radius Payment Solutions Midco Limited are prepared. The consolidated accounts of Radius Payment Solutions Topco Limited are available from its registered office, Eurocard Centre, Herald Park, Herald Drive, Crewe, Cheshire, CW1 6EG.