Registered number: 09339740

EQUITIX MA 1 CAPITAL EUROBOND LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

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COMPANY INFORMATION

DIRECTORS H B Crossley

G A Jackson J C Smith

REGISTERED NUMBER 09339740

3rd Floor, South Building 200 Aldersgate Street **REGISTERED OFFICE**

London EC1A 4HD

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR KPMG LLP

Chartered Accountants 15 Canada Square

London E14 5GL

PRINCIPAL BANKER Royal Bank of Scotland International

7th Floor, 7 Princess Street

London EC2 8BE

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

The Directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019.

DIRECTORS

The Directors who served throughout the year, except as noted, are shown on the Company information page.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The Company's performance reflects the position under the various inter-company and inter-group agreements that have been put in place during the year, and the ongoing performance and value of the investment portfolio. See the Strategic Report for further detail.

FINANCIAL RISK REVIEW

The Company's management of financial risks including interest rate, credit and liquidity risk during the period are detailed in note 2.8.

GOING CONCERN

The Company's forecasts and projections, taking account of reasonably possible changes in trading performance and the net current liability position of the Company, show that the Company should be able to operate within the level of its current resources. The Company's going concern is dependent upon performance of the entities within the Equitix MA 1 LP group. The Company has obtained a letter of support from its parent entity, Equitix MA 1 LP. After making enquiries, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company and its parent have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, and for a minimum of 12 months from the date of signing of this report, despite any economic uncertainties. In forming this conclusion, the following have been taken into consideration:

- all committed investments of the Company and its subsidiaries' holding companies are covered by commitments from the partners of Equitix MA 1 LP;
- the Company has limited other outgoings and funding can be drawn down from the Fund's partners if required to meet these obligations; and
- the Fund financial model, which consolidates the returns from the Company's investment portfolio.

The Directors of the Company have considered the impact of the COVID-19 global pandemic which has arisen in 2020 when preparing these financial statements. Refer to Note 2 Accounting Policies and Note 19 Post Balance Sheet Events.

AUDITOR

Each of the persons who are Directors at the time when this Directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the Director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and
- the Director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a Director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

AUDITOR (continued)

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006.

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

J C Smith Director

Date: 29th September 2020

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT IN RESPECT OF THE STRATEGIC REPORT, THE DIRECTORS' REPORT AND THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union (IFRSs as adopted by the EU) and applicable law.

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable, relevant and reliable;
- state whether they have been prepared in accordance with IFRS as adopted by the EU;
- assess the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

Equitix MA 1 Capital Eurobond Limited ("the Company") was incorporated in England and Wales on 3 December 2014 and issued 1000 ordinary shares of £1 each.

The Company's principal activities relate to investment in long-term PPP/PFI contracts held with local authorities in the UK. The Company, through its subsidiary investments, currently holds contracts to develop and operate assets throughout the United Kingdom.

BUSINESS REVIEW

During the year, the Company's wholly owned subsidiary, Equitix MA1 Infrastructure Limited, injected £106.2m into new investments. These included £39.0m invested in Firmus Energy (Supply) Limited in February 2019, £33.2m invested in Cross London Trains Limited (Thameslink) in March 2019 and £25.5m invested in 345 Rail Leasing Limited (Crossrail) in March 2019.

The Company's direct subsidiaries are held at fair value on the Statement of financial position with movements recorded through the Statement of comprehensive income, as explained in note 2. In order to determine the fair value of these investments, the Company takes into consideration the fair value of all the underlying portfolio companies and intermediate holding companies.

On 18 October 2019 the Company entered into a loan agreement with Equitix MA 1 LP under the Eurobond facility, which is listed on The International Stock Exchange. This loan is repayable in 2039 and bears interest at a rate of 12%. Under this agreement, all existing 364 day loans have been repaid.

The Directors have considered a number of potential outcomes arising from the UK's exit from the European Union in 2019 and believe that the Company has sufficient reserves and business controls to address any financial impact of these outcomes for the foreseeable future and has decided not to make a specific provision in the accounts. Due to the availability-based nature of our portfolios and focus on contracted cashflows, this means there will be little to no impact on income/cashflows from Brexit. Due to the inflation linkage of asset returns, it is likely that the majority of project distributions should be correlated with inflation. The pipeline of assets that we will acquire are expected to be brownfield investments that are already operating and yielding and there is a fundamental need for infrastructure in the UK, regardless of the ultimate terms of Brexit and secession.

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

The key performance indicators for the Company are primarily client and financially focused; including those listed below:

- tracking the performance and delivery of the services in conjunction with the KPIs set by the local authorities:
- the progress of the individual project companies;
- the comparison of actual cash flow costs to those that have been forecast;
- the value of investments held in the group portfolio in association with the expected future cash flows;and
- that all operational projects are performing within the restrictions of all project documentation.

The latest operational models show the current portfolio of projects is performing in line with expectations and the project documentation, with no material or significant unavailability deductions being suffered in the year. The construction activity is progressing to schedule and has suffered no significant delays to date.

The results for the year are shown on page 11 in the Statement of comprehensive income. This shows a loss of £4,851k (2018: loss of £132k) and a net finance expense amounting to £16,266k (2018: £19,556k). The loss for the year includes an increase in the fair value of the investments of £10,936k (2018: £19,051k). The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2018: nil).

STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The Directors of the Company are not aware of any circumstances by which the principal activity of the Company would alter or cease; the Company will continue to act as holding company for the Equitix MA 1 LP PFI / PPP assets.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Company has entered into inter-company loan agreements with its parent entity and into loan arrangements with its subsidiaries. A principal risk is the Company not receiving interest payments in order to make interest payments to its parent entity. Therefore, the Company's main concerns are attributable to the sound operation of the underlying PFI/PPP infrastructure assets, ensuring that the modelled cash flows, made up of, but not limited to, subordinated debt principal repayments, subordinated debt interest payments, dividends and other fees are indeed received. The Company will monitor actual and projected cash flows to ensure that the returns are as expected. In addition, the Company will also look to optimise returns from the underlying PFI/PPP local authority infrastructure assets through achieving efficiencies at project level and by maximising synergies at portfolio level.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

J C Smith Director

Date: 29th September 2020

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF EQUITIX MA 1 CAPITAL EUROBOND LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Equitix MA 1 Capital Eurobond Limited ("the company") for the year ended 31 December 2019 which comprise the Statement of comprehensive income, the Statement of financial position, the Statement of changes in equity, the Statement of cash flows and related notes, including the accounting policies in note 2.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2019 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities are described below. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under, and are independent of the company in accordance with, UK ethical requirements including the FRC Ethical Standard. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

Going concern

The directors have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis as they do not intend to liquidate the company or to cease its operations, and as they have concluded that the company's financial position means that this is realistic. They have also concluded that there are no material uncertainties that could have cast significant doubt over its ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements ("the going concern period").

We are required to report to you if we have concluded that the use of the going concern basis of accounting is inappropriate or there is an undisclosed material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt over the use of that basis for a period of at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements. In our evaluation of the directors' conclusions, we considered the inherent risks to the company's business model, and analysed how those risks might affect the company's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period. We have nothing to report in these respects.

However, as we cannot predict all future events or conditions and as subsequent events may result in outcomes that are inconsistent with judgements that were reasonable at the time they were made, the absence of reference to a material uncertainty in this auditor's report is not a guarantee that the company will continue in operation.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF EQUITIX MA 1 CAPITAL EUROBOND LIMITED

Strategic report and directors' report

The directors are responsible for the strategic report and the directors' report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover those reports and we do not express an audit opinion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the strategic report and the directors' report and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work:

- we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report and the directors' report;
- in our opinion the information given in those reports for the financial year is consistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion those reports have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006, we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

Directors' responsibilities

As explained more fully in their statement set out on page 5, the directors are responsible for: the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue our opinion in an auditor's report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF EQUITIX MA 1 CAPITAL EUROBOND LIMITED

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Matthew Williams (Senior Statutory Auditor), for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants

15 Canada Square London E14 5GL

Date: 30 September 2020

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

| | Note | 2019 £000 | 2018 £000 |
|---------------------------------|----------|--------------|--------------|
| Investment income | 8 | 19,998 | 7,871 |
| Fair value gains on investments | 10,11 | 10,936 | 19,051 |
| Other expenses | | (3,834) | - |
| Operating profit | 5 | 27,100 | 26,922 |
| Finance costs | 7 | (31,951) | (27,054) |
| Loss before tax | _ | (4,851) | (132) |
| Tax | 9 | - | - |
| Loss for the financial year | <u>-</u> | (4,851) | (132) |

All of the above relates to continuing activities.

The notes on pages 15 to 38 form part of these financial statements.

There are no items of comprehensive income other than the loss for the year, therefore a separate Statement of other comprehensive income has not been prepared.

EQUITIX MA 1 CAPITAL EUROBOND LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 09339740

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2019

| | Note | 2019 £000 | 2018 £000 |
|--------------------------------|------|--------------|--------------|
| Assets | | | |
| Non-current assets | | | |
| Investments held at fair value | 11 | 360,654 | 252,993 |
| Current assets | | | |
| Other receivables | 12 | 4,241 | 3,434 |
| Total assets | | 364,895 | 256,427 |
| Liabilities | • | | |
| Non-current liabilities | | | |
| Borrowings | 14 | 347,537 | 236,357 |
| Current liabilities | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 13 | 38,679 | 36,529 |
| Other payables | 13 | - | 11 |
| Total liabilities | | 386,216 | 272,897 |
| Net liabilities | | (21,321) | (16,470) |
| Equity | | | |
| Share capital | 15 | 1 | 1 |
| Retained losses | | (21,322) | (16,471) |
| Shareholders' deficit | • | (21,321) | (16,470) |

The notes on pages 15 to 38 form part of these financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements of Equitix MA 1 Capital Eurobond Limited, registered number 09339740, were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue and were signed on its behalf by:

J C Smith Director

Date: 29th September 2020

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

| | Share capital £000 | Retained losses £000 | Total equity £000 |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| At 1 January 2018 | 1 | (16,339) | (16,338) |
| Loss for the year | - | (132) | (132) |
| Total comprehensive loss for the year | | (132) | (132) |
| At 31 December 2018 | 1 | (16,471) | (16,470) |
| At 1 January 2019 | 1 | (16,471) | (16,470) |
| Loss for the year | - | (4,851) | (4,851) |
| Total comprehensive loss for the year | - | (4,851) | (4,851) |
| At 31 December 2019 | 1 | (21,322) | (21,321) |

The notes on pages 15 to 38 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

The Company does not have a bank account and therefore has no cash transactions (2018: none restated).

In the prior year financial statements a cash flow statement presented certain transactions as cash transactions however the company did not have a bank account. As such all transactions were non-cash and for this reason the prior year cash flow statement has been restated.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Equitix MA 1 Capital Eurobond Limited (the "Company") is a private Company limited by shares incorporated, domiciled and registered in England and Wales in the UK, under the Companies Act 2006. The Company's registered address is disclosed in page 2. The nature of the Company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Strategic report on page 6. These financial statements are presented in GBP Sterling, being the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates. Monetary amounts are rounded to the nearest £'000.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared and approved by the directors in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards as adopted by the European Union ("adopted IFRSs"). A summary of the principal accounting policies, all of which have been applied consistently throughout the current are set out below.

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis except certain financial assets measured at fair value. As a consequence of the Company's parent meeting the criteria to be defined as an Investment Entity under International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS) 10, Consolidated Financial Statements ("IFRS 10"), the Company's results are not consolidated into a parent entity. The Company has considered the need to prepare consolidated financial statements, however, the Company has adopted Investment Entities (Amendments to IFRS 10, IFRS 12, and IAS 27) and meets the definition of an Investment Entity under IFRS 10, on the basis of the following criteria:

- the Company obtains funds from multiple ultimate investors for the purpose of providing those investors with investment management services;
- (ii) the Company commits to its investors that its business purpose is to invest funds solely for returns from capital appreciation, investment income, or both; and
- (iii) the Company measures and evaluates the performance of substantially all of its investment on a fair value basis.

As such it is required to account for its investments at fair value through profit and loss and hence has not prepared consolidated financial statements.

IFRS 10 requires the Company to measure its interests in subsidiary investments under IFRS 9: Financial Instruments ("IFRS 9") and IFRS 13: Fair Value Measurement ("IFRS 13"). The investments are valued at fair value with gains or losses on measurement of investments accounted for through the Statement of comprehensive income (see note 11).

Joint ventures are those entities over which the Company has significant influence and joint control as defined in IAS 28 'Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures'. By virtue of the Company meeting the definition of a fund management company and the wholly-owned subsidiary of an investment fund and the exemption provided by IAS 28, investments in such entities are designated upon initial recognition to be accounted for at fair value through profit and loss, in accordance with the equivalent measurement exception under IAS 28 and IFRS 13, with changes in fair value recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income in the period of charge.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.2 Going concern

Notwithstanding net current liabilities of £34,438k as at 31 December 2019 (2018: £33,106k), the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which the Directors consider to be appropriate for the following reasons. The Directors have prepared cash flow forecasts for a period of 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements which indicate that, taking account of reasonably possible downsides, the Company will have sufficient funds, through its borrowings from its parent, to meet its liabilities as they fall due for that period.

Those forecasts are in part dependent on the parent entity Equitix MA 1 LP not seeking repayment of the amounts currently due to the Fund and its subsidiaries (the Group), which at 31 December 2019 amounted to £386,216k, and providing additional financial support during that period. Equitix MA 1 LP has indicated its intention to continue to make available such funds as are needed by the Company, and that it does not intend to seek repayment of the amounts due at the Statement of financial position date, for the period covered by the forecasts. As with any Company placing reliance on other group entities for financial support, the Directors acknowledge that there can be no certainty that this support will continue although, at the date of approval of these financial statements, they have no reason to believe that it will not do so.

As noted in the Directors Report, the Company has long term contracts with its client, the Fund, which has stable cash flows from the underlying investment portfolio to meet its obligations. After making inquiries, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the next twelve months from the date of signing of financial statements. Accordingly, they adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

As part of these enquiries, the Directors have also considered the impact of the COVID-19 global pandemic, which has resulted in unprecedented risks and significant levels of volatility and reduced asset prices in global equity and bond markets. The main risk resulting from COVID-19 for the Company is in respect of the impact on the valuation of investments held at fair value through profit and loss. This Company's performance is intrinsically linked with the performance of the Fund and the Directors have considered the impact of potentially lower valuations and do not consider there to be any significant impact on the going concern basis of preparation as the Company has a diverse mix of investments in various sectors and as certain investments and their associated dividend and interest income are backed by a government counterparty, the directors have considered that no severe but plausible downside event would prevent the Company being able to meet its liabilities as they fall due. In conjunction with this assessment, the Directors believe the Company, and the wider group, has sufficient reserves and business controls to address any financial impact and therefore the Directors consider there is no significant impact on the going concern basis of preparation of these financial statements.

2.3 Revenue

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

Interest income

Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount. It is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. In relation to the fair value exercise, interest revenue is adjusted to remove any double counting of cash flows.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.3 Revenue (continued)

Dividend income

Income from participating interests is recognised when the shareholders' rights to receive payment have been established.

Other income

Other income associated with the provision of services is accrued on a time basis over the period to which the delivery of the service is set, net of VAT and other sales related tax.

2.4 Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income in the period in which they are incurred.

2.5 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from the net profit as reported in the Statement of comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Statement of financial position date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is the tax expected to be payable or recoverable on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable profit, and is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable difference arising on investments, except where the Company is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax asset is reviewed at each Statement of financial position date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised based on tax laws and the rates that have been enacted at the Statement of financial position date. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the income statement, except when it relates to items charged or credited in Statement of comprehensive income, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in other comprehensive income.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.5 Taxation (continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the Company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable company, and the Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

2.6 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised on the Company's Statement of financial position when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of an instrument. Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the instrument expire or the asset is transferred and the transfer qualifies for derecognition in accordance with IFRS 9.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Financial assets

Financial assets, are classified in the following categories: fair value through profit and loss and measured at amortised cost. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition. Loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment. Interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for short-term receivables when the recognition of interest would be immaterial.

(i) Investments at fair value through profit or loss

Investments at fair value through profit or loss are designated upon initial recognition as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. The Company's policy is to fair value both the equity and subordinated debt investments in PPP assets together. Both elements are exposed to the same primary risk, being performance risk. This performance risk is taken into consideration when determining the discount rate applied to the forecast cash flows. In determining fair value observable transactions are considered and fair value is measured using assumptions that market participants would use when pricing assets including assumptions regarding risk. The subordinated debt and equity are considered to have the same risk characteristics. As such, the debt and equity form a single class of financial instrument for the purposes of this disclosure. The Company measures its investments as a single class of financial asset at fair value in accordance with IFRS 13. Subsequent to initial recognition, the investments are measured on a combined basis at fair value with changes recognised within the Statement of comprehensive income.

Investments in joint ventures and associates

The Company meets the definition in IAS 28 (May 2011) of a venture capital organisation or similar entity and upon initial recognition has designated its investment in joint ventures and associates at fair value through profit or loss. The Company therefore measures its interest in joint ventures and associates at fair value through profit or loss in accordance with IFRS 9 and IFRS 13, with changes in fair value recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income in the period of the charge.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.6 Financial instruments (continued)

Equitix MA 1 Capital Eurobond Limited holds 100% of the issued share capital and debt of Equitix MA Infrastructure Limited, which owns a portfolio of investee companies and their associated intermediate holding companies. The fair value of investments is determined by valuing the underlying portfolio investee companies and intermediate holding companies. Investments are designated as "financial assets at fair value through profit and loss" as these assets are managed on a fair value basis for capital gain. The investments are initially recognised at fair value and are subsequently re-measured at fair value, which is determined by the General Partner in accordance with the Limited Partnership Agreement. Recognised gains and losses and unrealised gains and losses arising from the revaluation of investments at the period end are taken directly to the Statement of comprehensive income.

The current portfolio of investments held by the Company are valued using discounted cash flow analysis based on financial models that form part of the project documents. Future forecast shareholder cash flows are discounted at a rate which allows for influences of individual project attributes and general economic conditions to reflect a value as at the balance sheet date; these values are then compared against recent, similar market transactions as a gauge of estimations and uncertainties.

(ii) Loans and receivables

Trade receivables, loans and other receivables that are non derivative financial assets and that have fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as 'measured at amortised cost'. Loans and other receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment. They are included in current assets, except where maturities are in greater than 12 months after the Statement of financial position date which are classified as non current assets. The Company's loans and receivables comprise 'trade and other receivables' in the Statement of financial position.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets are assessed for impairment under the expected credit loss model ("ECL"). Assessment for impairment is based on a three-stage approach based on changes in credit risk since initial recognition, with each stage representing a change in the credit risk of financial assets. If a significant increase in credit risk is identified, the financial instrument is moved from stage one to stage two but is not yet deemed to be credit impaired; financial instruments that are deemed to be credit impaired are moved to stage three. The expected credit loss for stage one financial instruments is equal to the portion of lifetime expected credit losses that result from default events within the next twelve months. The expected credit loss for stage two and three financial instruments is equal to expected credit losses on a lifetime basis. ECLs are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income. Amounts receivable from financial assets are written off, when the Company concludes that there is no longer any realistic prospect of recovery of part or all of the receivable. Amounts receivable from financial assets are reviewed regularly and write off will be prompted by insolvency, adverse changes in operations and similar events associated with the financial asset.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment is the differences between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.6 Financial instruments (continued)

Fair value estimation

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market with unobservable inputs, is derived in one of the following ways:

(a) Investments at fair value through profit or loss

Fair value is calculated by discounting future cash flows, from investments in both equity and subordinated loans (interest and repayments), at an appropriate discount rate. In determining the discount rate, regard has been given to risk free rates and risk premia that are specific to the individual concessions and recent market transactions. The discount rates were been applied to the financial assets at 31 December 2019 were between 6.00% to 8.94% (2018: 6.00% to 9.00%). Movements in fair value are attributed in full to the equity investment.

(b) Loans and receivables

Loans and borrowings are held at amortised cost. The carrying value less impairment provision of trade receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values.

Financial liabilities and equity

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement.

Financial liabilities, including borrowings, are classified as 'other financial liabilities' and are initially measured at fair value. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognised on an effective yield basis. The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability should be removed from the Statement of financial position when, and only when, it is extinguished, that is, when the obligation specified in the contract is either discharged or cancelled or expires. Where there has been an exchange between an existing borrower and lender of debt instruments with substantially different terms, or there has been a substantial modification of the terms of an existing financial liability, this transaction is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. A gain or loss from extinguishment of the original financial liability is recognised in Statement of comprehensive income.

2.7 Financial risk management

The Company has loans from Equitix MA 1 LP, the Company's ultimate parent, with a fixed interest rate. This loan, including accrued interest, is repayable when the Company has sufficient surplus cash. The value of the loan shown on the Statement of financial position represents the value of the loan as at the Statement of financial position date. The Company also has a fixed rate Eurobond loan note listed on the The International Stock Exchange.

The Company does not have any other borrowings, loans or overdrafts that expose the Company to financial risks.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.8 Assessable risks

Credit risk

The Company is not exposed to significant credit risk as the Company derives interest from subsidiaries which are PFI concessions with government departments, local authorities and other public sector clients. Credit risk is generated through the overall performance risk of the projects, deterioration of which might impact their ability to service equity payments. This risk is mitigated through the PFI contract structure, whereby deductions are passed down to the facilities management and construction sub contractors.

Liquidity risk

The Company adopts a prudent approach to liquidity management and maintains sufficient cash reserves at group level to meet its obligations.

Foreign exchange risk

The Company does not currently have any exposure to foreign currency exchange risk, nor does it have any immediate plans to geographically deviate its focus.

2.9 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

2.10 Expenses

All expenses are accounted for on an accruals basis. The Company's fees, finance costs and all other expenses are charged through the Statement of comprehensive income.

3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, the Directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Inter-company agreements - Interest Rate

The Company's loan agreements with its ultimate parent Equitix MA 1 LP carry an interest rate of 12%, reflecting the market rate attributable to similar instruments within the Group, therefore the Directors believe that the loan note value in these financial statements reflects fair value at the Statement of financial position date.

Eurobond loan notes - Interest Rate

The Company has listed Eurobonds on The International Stock Exchange with a fixed interest rate of 12% which have been purchased by Equitix MA 1 LP, the ultimate parent of the Company. These form the primary source of funding for the Company. The debt terms are comparable to the applicable terms for similar listed debt instruments in the current market so, therefore, the Directors believe that the loan note value in these financial statements reflects fair value at the Statement of financial position date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (continued)

a) Investments at fair value through profit or loss

By virtue of the Company's status as an investment entity and the associated requirements of IFRS 11, IAS 28 exemption and IFRS 10, investments in subsidiaries and joint ventures are designated upon initial recognition and subsequently to be accounted for at fair value through profit or loss.

The fair values of unlisted investments, which are not traded in an active market, are determined using valuation techniques. As disclosed in note 2 to the financial statements, the Directors principally use discounted cash flow analysis to make their best estimation of the fair value. The estimate of fair value may vary from the price achieved in an actual sale as potential acquirers may use different valuation criteria for their own strategic reasons.

The principal drivers of internally prepared valuations are therefore:

- i) expected future net cash flows; and
- ii) the discount rate to be applied.

The fair value estimation takes into account the future distributions to be received by the Company from its investments.

Future distributions involve a degree of uncertainty in terms of their amount and timing. Cash flows in the underlying investments are exposed to risks in relation to deductions that may be made by the relevant Government Authority in relation to performance conditions and inflation.

If the expected future net cash flows were decreased or increased by 10%, with all other variables held constant, the impact on the value of financial assets would be £35,433k loss/gain (2018: £25,299k loss/gain) respectively.

The discount rate is determined in relation to the particular risks for each investment. All relevant risks such as interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk are incorporated in the fair value of the investments by adjusting the expected cash flows or discount rate used for the valuation of investments. The discount rates used for the valuation were in a range between 6.00% and 8.94% (2018: 6.00% and 9.00%). If the discount rate used in the valuation were increased or decreased by 100 bps, the impact on the value of the financial assets would be a loss of £36,402k or a gain of £42,442k (2018: loss of £20,352k or a gain of £23,348k) respectively.

b) Fair value estimation

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the balance sheet date. The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in active markets is derived in one of the following ways:

i) Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss

Financial assets are recognised initially at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, the financial assets are measured at fair value using the discounted cash flow methodology. In determining the discount rate, regard is had to risk free rates and risk premia that are specific to the individual concession.

ii) Loans, receivables, and payables

The carrying value less impairment provision of trade receivables and payables are assumed to approximate to their fair values.

iii) Borrowings

Intercompany loans are held at amortised cost.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

4. INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("IFRS") - ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED STANDARDS

A number of new standards are effective 1 January 2019 but do not have a material effect on the Company's financial statements. The notable new standards are listed below:

- IFRS 16 'Leases' (January 2019);
- IFRIC 23 'Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments' (1 January 2019)
- Amendments resulting from annual improvements to IFRS Standards 2015-2017 Cycle (1 January 2019)

Standards issued but not yet effective

The following Adopted IFRSs have been issued however the Company has not early adopted the new or amended standards in preparing these financial statements.

- Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in IFRS Standards and Revised Conceptual Framework (effective 1 January 2020)
- Definition of Material (Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8) (effective 1 January 2020)
- Interest Rate Benchmark Reform (Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39 and IFRS 7) (effective 1 January 2020)

The Directors do not expect that the adoption of the other standards listed above will have a material impact on the Company in future periods.

5. OPERATING PROFIT

The profit from operations of the Company is attributable to the principal activity of the Company, all of which was carried out in the United Kingdom.

The audit fee for Equitix MA 1 Capital Eurobond Limited of £10.5k (2018: £8.5k) has been borne by Equitix MA 1 LP, who will not seek compensation from the Company. There were no non-audit fees (2018: nil).

6. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

No staff were directly employed by the Company (2018: none).

No Directors received any remuneration for services to the Company during the year (2018: none). The Company is managed by secondees from Equitix Limited. No recharge for services rendered has been made during the year (2018: nil).

7. FINANCE COSTS

| | 2019 £000 | 2018 £000 |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| Interest expense from Eurobonds and upstream loans | 31,951 | 27,054 |
| | 31,951 | 27,054 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

8. INVESTMENT INCOME

| | 2019 £000 | 2018 £000 |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| Interest income on loans to investments | 15,684 | 7,498 |
| Other income | 4,314 | 373 |
| | 19,998 | 7,871 |

9. TAX

There is no tax charge for the year (2018: nil).

The difference between the actual tax charge for the year and the standard rate of corporation tax in the United Kingdom applied to losses for the year is as follows:

| | 2019 £000 | 2018 £000 |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| Loss before tax | (4,851) | (132) |
| Loss multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2018: 19%) | (922) | (25) |
| Income and fair value movements not subject to taxation | (2,078) | (3,620) |
| Losses not utilised in the period | 3,000 | 3,645 |
| | <u> </u> | - |

A deferred tax asset has not been recognised in respect of timing differences relating to the accumulated loss from excess management expenses as there is insufficient evidence that the asset will be recovered. The amount of the deferred tax asset not recognised is £4,839k (2018: £1,839k) calculated at 19%, the rate substantively enacted at the Statement of financial position date.

Changes in tax rates and factors affecting the future tax charges

A reduction in the UK corporation tax rate from 19% to 17% (effective 1 April 2020) was substantively enacted on 6 September 2016.

The March 2020 Budget announced that a rate of 19% would continue to apply with effect from 1 April 2020, and this change was substantively enacted on 17 March 2020.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

10. FAIR VALUE GAIN ON INVESTMENTS

The gain on investments of £10,936k (2018: £19,051k) has been included in the Statement of comprehensive income.

The Directors have satisfied themselves as to the methodology used, the discount rates applied and the valuation. Further detail is given in note 11.

11. INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

| | 2019 £000 | 2018 £000 |
|---------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Opening net book value | 252,993 | 215,873 |
| Acquisition of investment | 106,215 | 18,069 |
| Repayment of principal | (9,490) | - |
| Fair value gain | 10,936 | 19,051 |
| Closing net book value | 360,654 | 252,993 |

The following economic assumptions were used in the discounted cash flow valuations:

UK inflation rates 2.8% for 2019, long term 3.0% UK deposit interest rates 0.5% for 2019, long term 1.0% UK corporation tax 19% for 2019, long term 17%

Investments are generally restricted on their ability to transfer funds to the Company under the terms of the senior funding arrangement for that investment. Significant restrictions include:

- Historic and projected debt service and loan life cover ratios exceed a given threshold;
- Required cash reserve account levels are met;
- Senior lenders have agreed the current financial model that forecasts the economic performance of the company;
- Project performance is in compliance with the terms of its senior funding arrangements; and
- Senior lenders have approved the annual budget for the company.

A list of subsidiaries and joint ventures of the Company can be found on Note 20 of these financial statements.

12. OTHER RECEIVABLES

| | 2019 £000 | 2018 £000 |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| Interest receivable from subsidiary Unpaid share capital | 4,240 1 | 3,433 1 |
| - - | 4,241 | 3,434 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

12. OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

| o men need to the continuous | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|-------|-------|
| Included on the Statement of financial position as follows: | £000 | £000 |
| Current | 4,241 | 3,434 |
| | 4,241 | 3,434 |

The carrying value of these assets approximates their fair value.

Interest receivable from investments in the current year represents accrued interest on subordinated debt loans to the investments listed in the list of subsidiaries and joint ventures (note 20).

13. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

| | 2019 £000 | 2018 £000 |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| Interest payable to parent | 38,155 | 36,275 |
| Interest payable to subsidiary (upstream loans) | 524 | 254 |
| Other payables | | 11 |
| | 38,679 | 36,540 |
| Included on the Statement of financial position as follows: | | |
| Current | 38,679 | 36,540 |
| | 38,679 | 36,540 |
| | | |

The carrying amount of these liabilities approximates their fair value. Interest payable to parent in the current year represents accrued interest on loan note borrowings from Equitix MA 1 LP, a related party (note 17).

14. BORROWINGS

| | 2019 £000 | 2018 £000 |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| Loans from Eurobond | 336,173 | 229,959 |
| Loans from subsidiary (upstream loans) | 11,364 | 6,398 |
| | 347,537 | 236,357 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

14. BORROWINGS (continued)

| Included on the Statement of financial position as follows: | 2019 £000 | 2018 £000 |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| Non-current | 347,537 | 236,357 |
| | 347,537 | 236,357 |

Loans from parent represent loans from Equitix MA 1 LP, for the purpose of acquiring the investment portfolio. During the year, the Company borrowed an additional £106.2m which was injected into new investments. These included £39.0m invested in Firmus Energy (Supply) Limited in February 2019, £33.2m invested in Cross London Trains Limited (Thameslink) in March 2019 and £25.5m invested in 345 Rail Leasing Limited (Crossrail) in March 2019. The loans are repayable in 2039 and bear interest at a rate of 12%.

The total amount borrowed under the Eurobond facilities is £336,173k (2018: £229,959k). The facilities are repayable in 2039 and bear interest at a rate of 12%.

Loans from subsidiary represent upstream shareholder loans from Equitix MA Infrastructure Limited which are a result of project refinancing. The loans are repayable in 2039 and bear interest at rates between 2.62% and 3.19%.

The carrying amount of these liabilities approximates their fair value.

15. SHARE CAPITAL

| | 2019 Number | 2019 £000 | 2018 Number | 2018 £000 |
|---|----------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|
| Authorised, issued and unpaid Ordinary shares of £1.00 each | 1,000 | 1 | 1,000 | 1 |
| | 1,000 | 1 | 1,000 | 1 |

16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Capital risk management

The Company manages its capital to ensure that it is able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The capital structure of the Company borrowings are as disclosed in note 14 and equity attributable to equity holders of the parent, comprising issued capital, reserves and retained losses are as disclosed in note 15. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Significant accounting policies

Details of the significant accounting policies and methods adopted, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised in respect of each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in note 2 to the financial statements.

a) Categories of financial instruments

| | 2019 £000 | 2018 £000 |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Financial assets | | |
| Fair value through profit and loss | | |
| Investments | 360,654 | 252,993 |
| Loans and receivables | | |
| Interest receivable from investments | 4,240 | 3,433 |
| Other receivables | 1 | 1 |
| | 364,895 | 256,427 |
| Financial liabilities | | |
| Borrowings | (347,537) | (236,357) |
| Other payables | (38,679) | (36,540) |
| | (386,216) | (272,897) |

b) Financial risk management objectives

The Directors provide advice to the Company on all risks faced and manage the financial risks relating to the operations of the Company through internal risk reports which analyse the exposures faced by degree and magnitude of risk consequences. These risks include market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk

The Company does not enter into financial derivative contracts.

Market risk

The Company's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of interest rates.

Interest rate risk management

The Company has limited exposure to interest rate risk as the underlying borrowings are fixed rate loans. Therefore the Company is not exposed to cash flow risk due to changes in interest rates over variable rate borrowings. The fixed rate borrowings are carried at amortised cost and hence not exposed to fair value movements due to changes in interest rates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Interest rate sensitivity analysis

The Company has no exposure to interest rate risk because the loans held with Equitix MA 1 LP have a fixed interest rate of 12%.

Performance risk management

Performance risk management refers to the risk that the underlying project companies will not perform in line with expectations, and as such the Company will not receive forecast cashflows as expected. To mitigate this risk, the projects are closely managed by the asset management team and risks of non-performance are passed onto service providers and subcontractors by the PFI contract structure, leaving the PFI investment insulated from issues of non-performance.

Credit risk management

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Company. The Company has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties and obtaining sufficient collateral where appropriate as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. For cash and cash equivalents the Company only transacts with entities that are rated the equivalent to investment grade and above. Other financial assets consist of amounts receivable from related parties.

The Company only transacts with creditworthy PFI / PPP concession companies that have a cash flow derived from projects in agreement with government or semi-government authorities. Credit risk is generated through the overall performance risk of the projects, deterioration of which might impact their ability to service equity payments. This risk is mitigated through the PFI contract structure, whereby deductions are passed down to the facilities management and construction sub contractors.

Liquidity risk management

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the board of Directors, who have built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Company's short-, medium-and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate cash reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

The following disclosures detail the Company's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities. The disclosures have been drawn up on undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date the Company could be required to satisfy borrowing repayments. The disclosures include principal repayment and assumed interest cash flows:

Liabilities

| | 2019 £000 | 2018 £000 |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| Less than 1 year | | |
| Other payables | - | (11) |
| 5+ years | - | (11) |
| Borrowings (Eurobond and intercompany loans) | (347,537) | (236,357) |
| | (347,537) | (236,368) |

Borrowings comprise inter-company loan agreements entered into between the Company and Equitix MA 1 LP as well as Eurobond issues. For further consideration of the fair value of the Eurobond loan notes, please refer to note 14.

In addition to the above principal repayments, undiscounted interest payments of £23,931k (2018: £27,169k) are due within 1 year, £104,289k (2018: £76,590k) are due within 2-5 years, and £871,914k (2018: £581,648k) are due in more than 5 years from the reporting date end.

c) Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities is determined as follows:

The fair value of non-derivative financial assets and financial liabilities with standard terms and conditions and traded on active liquid markets is determined with reference to quoted market prices.

The fair value of loans is estimated with reference to the interest rate of the debt when it was initially acquired and any subsequent movement in the risk profile of the asset and general lending rates at the Statement of financial position date.

The fair value of other non-derivative financial assets and financial liabilities is determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis using prices from observable current market transactions and dealer quotes for similar instruments.

The Directors consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities, recorded at amortised cost in the financial statements, are approximately equal to their fair values.

The Company holds a number of financial instruments on the statement of financial position at their fair values. The following hierarchy classifies each class of financial asset or liability depending upon the valuation technique applied in determining its fair value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

c) Fair value of financial instruments

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities, where inputs are observable;
- ii) Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices) where inputs are directly or indirectly observable; and
- iii) Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data, where the inputs are unobservable.

There have been no transfers between these categories in the current year.

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable:

| 2019 £000 | 2018 £000 |
|--------------|--------------|
| | |
| 360,654 | 252,993 |
| 360,654 | 252,993 |
| | 360,654 |

The fair value calculation is performed on a recurring, annual basis, as defined by IFRS 13.

The key assumptions used in determining the fair values of unquoted investments and a sensitivity analysis is disclosed in note 3.

Reconciliation of investments at fair value through profit or loss

| 2019 £000 | 2018 £000 |
|--------------|--|
| 252,993 | 215,873 |
| 106,215 | 18,069 |
| (9,490) | - |
| 4,359 | 5,145 |
| 6,712 | 11,987 |
| 22,271 | 15,570 |
| (23,575) | (12,938) |
| 1,169 | (713) |
| 360,654 | 252,993 |
| | £000 252,993 106,215 (9,490) 4,359 6,712 22,271 (23,575) 1,169 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Gearing ratio

The gearing ratio at the year end is as follows:

| | 2019 £000 | 2018 £000 |
|----------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Debt | (347,537) | (236,357) |
| Net debt | (347,537) | (236,357) |
| Equity | (25,060) | (16,470) |
| Debt to equity ratio | 93.3% | 93.5% |

Debt is defined as long- and short-term borrowings (excluding derivatives) as detailed in note 14.

Equity includes all capital and reserves of the Company that are managed as capital.

The ratio's numerator used is the amount of debt, while the denominator used comprises of equity and debt.

17. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year the Company entered into the following transactions with related parties.

| Statement of comprehensive income transactions | | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|-------------------------|----------|----------|
| | | £'000 | £'000 |
| Related party | Transaction description | | |
| Equitix MA 1 LP | Interest expense | (31,951) | (27,054) |
| Equitix MA 1 LP | Other expenses | (3,834) | - |
| Equitix MA Infrastructure Limited | Interest income | 15,684 | 7,498 |
| Equitix MA Infrastructure Limited | Other income | 4,314 | 373 |
| | | (15,787) | (19,183) |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

17. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

| | | Amounts owed by related parties | | Amounts owed to rela | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------|----------------------|---------------|
| Statement of financial position | Transaction | 2019 £'000 | 2018 £'000 | 2019 £'000 | 2018 £'000 |
| Related party | description | | | | |
| Equitix MA 1 LP | Loan notes | - | - | (336,173) | (229,959) |
| Equitix MA 1 LP | Interest creditor - loan notes | - | - | (38,155) | (36,275) |
| Equitix MA Infrastructure Limited | Loan notes | 323,264 | 226,538 | - | - |
| Equitix MA Infrastructure Limited | Interest debtor - loan notes | 4,240 | 3,433 | - | - |
| Equitix MA Infrastructure Limited | Upstream Loans | - | - | (11,364) | (6,398) |
| Equitix MA Infrastructure Limited | Interest creditor - upstream loans | - | - | (524) | (254) |
| | | 327,504 | 229,971 | (386,216) | (272,886) |

The amounts owed by related parties are loan notes that are recognised as investments held at fair value in the Statement of Financial Position.

18. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING

The Company's immediate parent company is Equitix MA 1 Fund Holdco Limited, a company incorporated in Guernsey. The registered office address of the company is located at Martello Court, Admiral Park, St Peter Port, Guernsey, GY1 3HB. The Company's ultimate parent and controlling entity, is Equitix MA 1 LP, a limited partnership registered in England and Wales. The registered office address of the partnership is located at 3rd Floor, South Building, 200 Aldersgate Street, London, EC1A 4HD. The Company's results are not consolidated as the Company and its parent entity meets the criteria of Investment Entities under IFRS 10 and the Company's immediate parent does not prepare consolidated accounts.

19. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

During the period from the date of the Statement of financial position to the date of the financial statements were approved, the coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak has caused extensive disruptions to businesses and economic activities globally. The uncertainties over the emergence and spread of COVID-19 have caused market volatility on a global scale. The quantum of the effect on the underlying investment portfolio and activity of the Company is difficult to determine, however the Directors are monitoring the situation and considering the effect it may have on the valuation of any impacted underlying portfolio companies in the future. In accordance with the requirements of IFRS, the fair valuations at the date of the statement of financial position reflect the economic conditions in existence at that date. The next date at which a valuation of unquoted investments will be performed will be as at 31 December 2020. The Directors do not believe there is any financial impact to the financial statements as at 31 December 2019 as a result of this non-adjusting subsequent event.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

20. SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT VENTURES AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2019

| Company name investment date Industry sector domicile Holding % Registered address |
|--|
| for Learning Limited Barnsley Partnership 25/03/2015 Education UK 100% 1 Office 4:10, No. 1 Aire Street, Leeds, England, LS1 4PR Limited Barnsley Partnership 25/03/2015 Education UK 100% 1 Office 4:10, No. 1 Aire Street, Leeds, England, LS1 4PR Limited Barnsley Local 25/03/2015 Education UK 80% 1 Office 4:10, No. 1 Aire Street, Leeds, England, LS1 4PR |
| for Learning Two Limited Barnsley Partnership 25/03/2015 Education UK 100% 1 Office 4:10, No. 1 Aire Street, Leeds, England, LS1 4PR 100% 1 Office 4:10, No. 1 Aire Street, Leeds, England, LS1 4PR 100% 1 Office 4:10, No. 1 Aire Street, Leeds, England, LS1 4PR 100% 1 Office 4:10, No. 1 Aire Street, |
| for Learning Three Limited Barnsley Local 25/03/2015 Education UK 80% 1 Office 4:10, No. 1 Aire Street, |
| |
| Education Leeds, England, LS1 4PR Partnership Limited |
| Barnsley Holdco One 25/03/2015 Education UK 80% 1 Office 4:10, Aire Street, Leeds, England, LS1 4PR |
| Barnsley Holdco Two 25/03/2015 Education UK 80% 1 Office 4:10, Aire Street, Leeds, England, LS1 4PR |
| Barnsley Holdco 25/03/2015 Education UK 80% 1 Office 4:10, Aire Street, Leeds, Three Limited England, LS1 4PR |
| Barnsley SPV One 25/03/2015 Education UK 80% 2 Office 4:10, Aire Street, Leeds, Limited England, LS1 4PR |
| Barnsley SPV Two 25/03/2015 Education UK 80% 3 Office 4:10, Aire Street, Leeds, England, LS1 4PR |
| Barnsley SPV Three 25/03/2015 Education UK 80% 1 Office 4:10, No. 1 Aire Street, Leeds, England, LS1 4PR |
| TPFL PSP One Limited 27/02/2015 Education UK 100% 3rd Floor, South Building, 200 Aldersgate Street, London EC1A 4HD |
| TPFL PSP Two Limited 27/02/2015 Education UK 100% 3rd Floor, South Building, 200 Aldersgate Street, London EC1A 4HD |
| Cross London Trains 13/03/2019 Rolling Stock UK 3% 8 White Oak Square, London Finance Company Road, Swanley, Kent, BR8 7AG Limited |
| Cross London Trains 13/03/2019 Rolling Stock UK 3% 8 White Oak Square, London Limited Road, Swanley, Kent, BR8 7AG |
| 345 Rail Leasing Mid 26/03/2019 Rolling Stock UK 50% 3rd Floor, South Building, 200 Co Limited Aldersgate Street, London EC1A 4HD |
| Equitix Condor 29/11/2019 Social Housing Jersey 100% 44 Esplanade St Helier Jersey, JE4 Limited 9WG, Jersey |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

20. SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT VENTURES AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2019 (continued)

| Company name TPFL Hold Co Limited | Initial investment date 27/02/2015 | Industry sector Education | Country of domicile UK | Equity holding % 80% | Registered address 3rd Floor, South Building, 200 Aldersgate Street, London EC1A 4HD |
|---|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| TPFL Project Co Limited | 27/02/2015 | Education | UK | 80% | 3rd Floor, South Building, 200 Aldersgate Street, London EC1A 4HD |
| Pebblehall Bio Power Limited | 12/03/2015 | Renewables | UK | 25% | Blythe House, Blythe Park, Cresswell, Stoke on Trent, ST11 9RD |
| Welland Bio Power Limited | 12/03/2015 | Renewables | UK | 25% | Blythe House, Blythe Park, Cresswell, Stoke on Trent, ST11 9RD |
| FES Resources Limited | 28/10/2015 | Education | UK | 40% | Forth House, Pirnhall Business Park, Stirling, FK7 8HW |
| Glasgow Learning Quarter (Holdings) Limited | 28/10/2015 | Education | UK | 40% | 8 White Oak Square, London Road, Swanley, Kent, England, United Kingdom, BR8 7AG |
| Glasgow Learning Quarter Limited | 28/10/2015 | Education | UK | 40% | 8 White Oak Square, London Road, Swanley, Kent, England, United Kingdom, BR8 7AG |
| SEC Highway Lighting (No.4) Limited | 06/11/2015 | Street Lighting | UK | 100% | 3rd Floor, South Building, 200 Aldersgate Street, London EC1A 4HD |
| Dorset Lighting (Finance) Limited | 06/11/2015 | Street Lighting | UK | 100% | 3rd Floor, South Building, 200 Aldersgate Street, London EC1A 4HD |
| Cairnborrow Wind Energy Holdings Limited | 11/11/2015 | Renewables | UK | 50% | Mynydd Awel Mold Business Park, Maes Gwern, Mold, Flintshire, CH7 1XN |
| Cairnborrow Wind Energy Limited | 11/11/2015 | Renewables | UK | 50% | Mynydd Awel Mold Business Park, Maes Gwern, Mold, Flintshire, CH7 1XN |
| CFS Newham Limited | 25/11/2015 | Healthcare | UK | 100% | Suite 1l-1o Avondale House Phoenix Crescent, Strathclyde Business Park, Bellshill, Scotland, ML4 3NJ |
| Healthcare Support (Holdings) Limited | 25/11/2015 | Healthcare | UK | 50% | 3rd Floor, South Building, 200 Aldersgate Street, London EC1A 4HD |
| Healthcare Support (Newham) Limited | 25/11/2015 | Healthcare | UK | 50% | 3rd Floor, South Building, 200 Aldersgate Street, London EC1A 4HD |
| Equitix Orbital Holdings Ltd | 24/01/2017 | UK Transport | UK | 15% | 3rd Floor, South Building, 200 Aldersgate Street, London EC1A 4HD |
| Edge Orbital Holdings Ltd | 24/01/2017 | UK Transport | UK | 8% | Albany Spc Services Limited, 3rd Floor, 3-5 Charlotte Street, Manchester, England, M1 4HB |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

20. SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT VENTURES AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2019 (continued)

| Company name Edge Orbital Holdings Two Ltd | Initial investment date 24/01/2017 | Industry sector UK Transport | Country of domicile UK | Equity holding % 8% | Registered address Albany Spc Services Limited, 3rd Floor, 3-5 Charlotte Street, Manchester, England, M1 4HB |
|--|--|--|------------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Connect Plus (M25) Holdings Ltd | 24/01/2017 | UK Transport | UK | 3% | Connect Plus House, St Albans Road, South Mimms, Hertfordshire, EN6 3NP |
| Connect Plus (M25) Ltd | 24/01/2017 | UK Transport | UK | 3% | Connect Plus House, St Albans Road, South Mimms, Hertfordshire, EN6 3NP |
| Connect Plus (M25) Intermediate Ltd | 24/01/2017 | UK Transport | UK | 3% | Connect Plus House, St Albans Road, South Mimms, Hertfordshire, EN6 3NP |
| Equitix Offshore 1 Ltd | 20/12/2017 | Offshore Transmission | UK | 25% | 3rd Floor, South Building, 200 Aldersgate Street, London EC1A 4HD |
| Equitix Offshore 2 Ltd | 20/12/2017 | Offshore Transmission | UK | 25% | 3rd Floor, South Building, 200 Aldersgate Street, London EC1A 4HD |
| Equitix Offshore 3 Ltd | 20/12/2017 | Offshore Transmission | UK | 16% | 3rd Floor, South Building, 200 Aldersgate Street, London EC1A 4HD |
| Equitix Offshore 4 Ltd | 20/12/2017 | Offshore Transmission | UK | 16% | 3rd Floor, South Building, 200 Aldersgate Street, London EC1A 4HD |
| Equitix Offshore 5 Ltd | 20/12/2017 | Offshore Transmission | UK | 16% | 3rd Floor, South Building, 200 Aldersgate Street, London EC1A 4HD |
| Scira Offshore Energy Ltd | 20/12/2017 | Offshore Transmission | UK | 6% | Wind Farm Place, Edgar Road, Walsingham, Norfolk, NR22 6EJ |
| Equitix HS1 Holdings 3 Ltd | 06/09/2017 | Rolling Stock | UK | 14% | 3rd Floor, South Building, 200 Aldersgate Street, London EC1A 4HD |
| Equitix HS1 Holdings 2 Ltd | 06/09/2017 | Rolling Stock | UK | 14% | 3rd Floor, South Building, 200 Aldersgate Street, London EC1A 4HD |
| Equitix HS1 Holdings 1 Ltd | 06/09/2017 | Rolling Stock | UK | 14% | 3rd Floor, South Building, 200 Aldersgate Street, London EC1A 4HD |
| Betjeman Holdings JVCo Ltd | 06/09/2017 | Rolling Stock | UK | 5% | 5th Floor Kings Place 90 York Way, London, N1 9AG |
| Betjeman Holdings Midco Ltd | 06/09/2017 | Rolling Stock | UK | 5% | 5th Floor Kings Place 90 York Way, London, N1 9AG |
| Betjeman Holdings Bidco Ltd | 06/09/2017 | Rolling Stock | UK | 5% | 5th Floor Kings Place 90 York Way, London, N1 9AG |
| Helix Holdings Ltd | 06/09/2017 | Rolling Stock | UK | 5% | 17 Bond Street, St Helier, Jersey, JE2 3NP |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

20. SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT VENTURES AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2019 (continued)

| _ | Initial | | Country of | Equity | |
|---|-------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|-----------------|---|
| Company name Helix Midco Ltd | investment date 06/09/2017 | Rolling Stock | domicile UK | holding % 5% | Registered address 5th Floor Kings Place 90 York Way, London, N1 9AG |
| Helix Bufferco Ltd | 06/09/2017 | Rolling Stock | UK | 5% | 5th Floor Kings Place 90 York Way, London, N1 9AG |
| Helix Acquisition Ltd | 06/09/2017 | Rolling Stock | UK | 5% | 5th Floor Kings Place 90 York Way, London, N1 9AG |
| High Speed Rail Finance (1) Plc | 06/09/2017 | Rolling Stock | UK | 5% | 5th Floor Kings Place 90 York Way, London, N1 9AG |
| High Speed Rail Finance Plc HS1 Ltd | 06/09/2017 | Rolling Stock | UK | 5% | 5th Floor Kings Place 90 York Way, London, N1 9AG |
| | 06/09/2017 | Rolling Stock | UK | 5% | 5th Floor Kings Place 90 York Way, London, N1 9AG |
| Equitix MA Partridge Ltd | 20/12/2018 | Rail Depot | UK | 100% | 3rd Floor, South Building, 200 Aldersgate Street, London EC1A 4HD |
| Equitix NCP Scottish GP Ltd | 20/12/2018 | Rail Depot | UK | 100% | Avondale House Suite 11-10, Strathclyde Business Park, Bellshill, Scotland, ML4 3NJ |
| Equitix NCP English GP Ltd | 20/12/2018 | Rail Depot | UK | 100% | 3rd Floor, South Building, 200 Aldersgate Street, London EC1A 4HD |
| Equitix NCP Nominees Ltd | 20/12/2018 | Rail Depot | UK | 100% | 3rd Floor, South Building, 200 Aldersgate Street, London EC1A 4HD |
| Equitix V W&B Top Holdings LP | 18/12/2018 | Rolling Stock | UK | 53% | Avondale House Suite 11-10, Strathclyde Business Park, Bellshill, ML4 3NJ |
| Equitix V W&B Mid Holdings LP | 18/12/2018 | Rolling Stock | UK | 53% | Avondale House Suite 11-10, Strathclyde Business Park, Bellshill, ML4 3NJ |
| Equitix V W&B Valley 2 Holdings LP | 18/12/2018 | Rolling Stock | UK | 53% | Avondale House Suite 11-10, Strathclyde Business Park, Bellshill, ML4 3NJ |
| Valley Rail Partnership No. 2 LLP | 18/12/2018 | Rolling Stock | UK | 26% | 3rd Floor, South Building, 200 Aldersgate Street, London EC1A 4HD |
| Equitix V W&B Valley 1 Holdings LP | 18/12/2018 | Rolling Stock | UK | 53% | Avondale House Suite 11-10, Strathclyde Business Park, Bellshill, ML4 3NJ |
| Valley Rail Partnership No. 1 LLP | 18/12/2018 | Rolling Stock | UK | 26% | 3rd Floor, South Building, 200 Aldersgate Street, London EC1A 4HD |
| 345 Rail Leasing Limited | 26/03/2019 | Rolling Stock | UK | 50% | 3rd Floor, South Building, 200 Aldersgate Street, London EC1A 4HD |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

20. SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT VENTURES AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2019 (continued)

| | Initial | | Country of | Equity | |
|---|-----------------|------------------------|------------|-----------|--|
| Company name | investment date | Industry sector | domicile | holding % | Registered address |
| Equitix V W&B | 18/12/2018 | Rolling Stock | UK | 53% | Avondale House Suite 11-10, |
| Cambrian 1 Holdings | | | | | Strathclyde Business Park, |
| LP | | | | | Bellshill, ML4 3NJ |
| Cambrian Rail | 18/12/2018 | Rolling Stock | UK | 49% | 3rd Floor, South Building, 200 |
| Partnership No. 1 LLP | | | | | Aldersgate Street, London EC1A 4HD |
| Equitix V W&B | 18/12/2018 | Rolling Stock | UK | 53% | Avondale House Suite 11-10, |
| Cambrian 2 Holdings | | | | | Strathclyde Business Park, |
| LP | | | | | Bellshill, ML4 3NJ |
| Cambrian Rail | 18/12/2018 | Rolling Stock | UK | 26% | 3rd Floor, South Building, 200 |
| Partnership No. 2 LLP | | | | | Aldersgate Street, London EC1A |
| | | | | | 4HD |
| Equitix Rory TopCo | 13/02/2019 | Regulated | UK | 50% | 3rd Floor, South Building, 200 |
| Limited | | Utilities | | | Aldersgate Street, London EC1A |
| | | | | | 4HD |
| Equitix Rory MidCo | 13/02/2019 | Regulated | UK | 50% | 3rd Floor, South Building, 200 |
| Limited | | Utilities | | | Aldersgate Street, London EC1A |
| | | | | | 4HD |
| Equitix Rory Limited | 13/02/2019 | Regulated | UK | 50% | 3rd Floor, South Building, 200 |
| | | Utilities | | | Aldersgate Street, London EC1A |
| | | | | | 4HD |
| DEKA Energy | 13/02/2019 | Regulated | UK | 50% | 35 Great St. Helen's, London, |
| Associates Limited | 42/02/2040 | Utilities | 1.117 | 500/ | England, EC3A 6AP |
| DEKA Energy | 13/02/2019 | Regulated | UK | 50% | 35 Great St. Helen's, London, |
| Enterprises Limited | 12/02/2010 | Utilities | LIV | F00/ | England, EC3A 6AP |
| Firmus Energy (Distribution) Limited | 13/02/2019 | Regulated Utilities | UK | 50% | 35 Great St. Helen's, London, England, EC3A 6AP |
| (Distribution) Limited | | Otilities | | | Liigialiu, LCSA OAF |
| Firmus Energy | 13/02/2019 | Regulated | UK | 50% | 35 Great St. Helen's, London, |
| (Supply) Limited | -,-, | Utilities | | | England, EC3A 6AP |
| Equitix Galvani | 13/03/2019 | Rolling Stock | UK | 19% | 3rd Floor, South Building, 200 |
| Limited | | · · | | | Aldersgate Street, London EC1A |
| | | | | | 4HD |
| Galvani JV Co Limited | 13/03/2019 | Rolling Stock | UK | 10% | 3rd Floor, South Building, 200 |
| | | | | | Aldersgate Street, London EC1A |
| | | | | | 4HD |
| Galvani Midco | 13/03/2019 | Rolling Stock | UK | 10% | 3rd Floor, South Building, 200 |
| Limited | | | | | Aldersgate Street, London EC1A |
| | | | | | 4HD |
| Galvani Bidco Limited | 13/03/2019 | Rolling Stock | UK | 10% | 3rd Floor, South Building, 200 |
| | | | | | Aldersgate Street, London EC1A |
| | | | | | 4HD |
| Cross London Trains | 13/03/2019 | Rolling Stock | UK | 3% | 8 White Oak Square, London |
| Holdco 2 Limited | | | | | Road, Swanley, Kent, BR8 7AG |
| Cross London Trains | 13/03/2019 | Rolling Stock | UK | 3% | 8 White Oak Square, London |
| Holdco Limited | | | | | Road, Swanley, Kent, BR8 7AG |
| | | | | | |

All investments are held indirectly except for the investment in Equitix MA Infrastructure Limited