SHAVIRAM ZETA FINANCE LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

I Shavit

(Appointed 14 March 2019)

J Funnell

(Appointed 14 March 2019) (Appointed 14 March 2019)

R Wechsler

Company number

11881524

Registered office

First Floor Offices

Farley Court Alisop Place London England NW1 5LG

Accountants

Harold Everett Wreford LLP

38 Warren Street

London W1T 6AE

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2019.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company is that of engaging in property development and provision of finance.

Directors

The directors who held office during the period and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

I Shavit J Funnell (Appointed 14 March 2019)

(Appointed 14 March 2019)

R Wechsler (Appointed 14 March 2019)

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

On wehalf of the board

Shavit

Date:

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

	Period
	ended
	31 December
	2019
Profit before taxation	£ -
Tax on profit	-
Profit for the financial period	
	

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2019

	Notes)19
	Notes	£	£
Current assets Debtors Net current assets	3	22,738,629	22,738,629
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	4		(22,738,529)
Net assets			100
Capital and reserves Called up share capital	5		100

For the financial period ended 31 December 2019 the company was **en**titled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the period in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

I Shavit
Director

Company Registration No. 11881524

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Shaviram Zeta Finance Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is First Floor Offices, Farley Court, Allsop Place, London, England, NW1 5LG.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Reporting period

The figures in the current year columns represent the profit and loss account for the period 14 March 2019 to 31 December 2019 and the balance sheet at 31 December 2019. This is the first period since its incorporation on 14 March 2019.

1.3 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.4 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.5 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the period was 3.

3 Debtors

	Amounts falling due within one year:	2019 £
	Amounts owed by group undertakings Other debtors	22,738,529 100
		22,738,629
4	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2019 £
	Other creditors	22,738,529
	Creditors which fall due after five years are as follows:	2019 £
	Payable other than by instalments	22,738,529

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

5	Called up share capital	
		2019
		£
	Ordinary share capital	
	Issued and fully paid	
	100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100
		

