Registered number: 11948554

# **EQUITIX CAPITAL EUROBOND 6 LIMITED**

# ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

THURSDAY



05/08/2021 COMPANIES HOUSE

#126

# CONTENTS

	Page
Company information	1
Directors' report	2 - 3
Directors' responsibilities statement	4
Strategic report	5 - 6
Independent auditor's report to the members of Equitix Capital Eurobond 6 Limited	7 - 10
Statement of total comprehensive income	11
Balance sheet	12
Statement of changes in equity	13
Statement of cash flows	14
Notes to the financial statements	15 - 29

### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Directors** G A Jackson

H B Crossley J C Smith S L Jones

Registered number 11948554

3rd Floor, South Building 200 Aldersgate Street Registered office

London EC1A 4HD

Independent auditor KPMG LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

15 Canada Square

London E14 5GL

#### DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020.

#### **RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS**

The Company's performance reflects the position under the various inter-company and inter-group agreements that have been put in place during the year, and the ongoing performance and value of the investment portfolio. Please refer to the Strategic Report for further detail.

#### **DIRECTORS**

The Directors who served during the year except as noted, are shown on page 1.

#### **GOING CONCERN**

The Company's forecasts and projections taking account of reasonably possible changes in trading performance, and the net current liability position of the Company, show that the Company should be able to operate within the level of its current resources. The Company's going concern is dependent upon performance of the entities within the group. The Company has obtained a letter of support from its ultimate parent. After making enquiries, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company and its parents have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, and for a minimum of 12 months from the date of signing of this report, despite any economic uncertainties. In forming this conclusion, the following has been taken into consideration:

- all committed investments of the Company and its subsidiaries holding companies are covered by commitments from the Partners of Equitix Fund VI LP;
- the Company has limited other outgoings and funding can be drawn down from the Fund's Partners if required to meet these obligations; and
- the Fund financial model, which consolidates the returns from the Company's investment portfolio.

The Directors of the Company have considered the impact of the COVID-19 global pandemic which has arisen in 2020 when preparing these financial statements. Refer to Note 2 Accounting Policies.

#### **FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS**

Details of future developments can be found in the Strategic Report on page 6 and form part of this report by cross-reference

#### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's management of financial risks including interest rate, credit and liquidity risk during the year are detailed in note 14.

#### **AUDITOR**

Each of the persons who are Directors at the time when this Directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006.

# DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

# **AUDITOR** (continued)

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

J C Smith Director

Date: 30/06/2021

# STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE STRATEGIC REPORT, THE DIRECTORS' REPORT AND THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic report, the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with International Accounting Standards in conformity with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 and applicable law.

Under Company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable, relevant and reliable;
- state whether they have been prepared in accordance with international accounting standards in conformity with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006;
- assess the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

#### STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

#### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The principal activity of Equitix Capital Eurobond 6 Limited (the "Company") is to act as a holding company for the Equitix Fund VI LP investments in core Public Private Partnerships ("PPP") and other core infrastructure projects.

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

The Company made four new acquisitions during the year. Investments held by the Company have continued to demonstrate robust performance throughout the year, showing resilience despite the adverse operating environment as a result of the global COVID-19 pandemic.

#### Yorkshire Learning

On 28th May 2020, the Company entered into a loan agreement for £7.0m with an interest rate of 11% with a group entity, Equitix Fund VI Finco Limited. On the same date the Company entered into a loan agreement of £7.0m, with an interest rate of 11%, with its subsidiary Equitix Fund 6 Education Sector Holdco Ltd for the purpose of acquiring an interest in the equity of Yorkshire Learning Partnership PSP Ltd. On 1st October 2020 it then entered a further loan agreement for £2.8m with an interest rate of 11%, as well as a loan agreement with an interest rate of 11% with Equitix Fund 6 Education Sector Holdco Ltd in order to acquire an additional 20% shareholding in Yorkshire Learning Partnership PSP Ltd.

Yorkshire Learning Partnership PSP Ltd holds an interest in the Yorkshire Learning Partnership Project Co Ltd, a PFI contract for provision of Schools in the Yorkshire area.

#### KLL

On 13th October 2020, the Company entered into a loan agreement for £145.4m with an interest rate of 7% with a group entity, Equitix Fund VI Finco Limited. During the period from acquisition to 31st December 2020, the Company repaid a total of £1.4m and drew £0.9m under the same facility. On 13th October 2020 the company entered into a loan agreement of £145.4m, with an interest rate of 7% with its subsidiary Equitix Fund 6 Renewables Sector Holdco Ltd for the purpose of acquiring an interest in the equity of Equitix KLL Topco Ltd. During the period from acquisition to 31st December 2020, a total of £1.4m was repaid and another £0.9m was drawn under the same facility.

Equitix KLL Topco Ltd holds interest in Kinlocheven Power Ltd, an operational Hydroelectric Dam in Scotland.

#### PSBP NW

On 18th December 2020, the Company entered into a loan agreement for £7.3m with an interest rate of 11% with a group entity, Equitix Fund VI Finco Limited. On 18th December 2020 the Company entered into a loan agreement of £7.3m, with an interest rate of 11% with its subsidiary Equitix Fund 6 Renewables Sector Holdco Ltd for the purpose of acquiring an interest in the equity of PSBP NW Holdco Ltd.

PSBP NW Holdco Ltd holds interest in PSBP NW Projectco Ltd, a PFI contract for provision of school buildings in the North West area.

#### Project Keys

On 18th December 2020, the Company entered into a loan agreement for £37.7m with an interest rate of 11% with a group entity, Equitix Fund VI Finco Limited. On 18th December 2020 the Company entered into a loan agreement of £37.7m, with an interest rate of 11% with its subsidiary Equitix Fund 6 Transportation Sector Holdco Limited for the purpose of acquiring an interest in Project Keys.

# STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

#### **KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS**

The key performance indicators for the Company are primarily client and financially focused, including those listed below:

- tracking the performance and delivery of the services in conjunction with the KPIs set at the individual project company;
- the progress of the individual project companies;
- the comparison of actual cash flows to those that have been forecast;
- the value of investments held in the group portfolio in association with the expected future cash flows; and
- that all operational projects are performing within the restrictions of all project documentation.

The latest financial models show the values of the current portfolio are performing in line with expectations and the project documentation with no material or significant unavailability deductions being suffered in the year.

The loss for the year is shown on page 11 in the Statement of Total Comprehensive Income. This shows a loss before tax of £329k (2019: £nil) with Interest income of £3,324k (2019: £nil) and Finance Costs of £3,324k (2019: £nil). The loss for the year includes an decrease in the fair value of the investments of £1,125k (2019: £nil). The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2019: £nil).

#### **FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS**

The Directors of the Company are not aware of any circumstances by which the principal activity of the Company would alter or cease.

#### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Company has entered into inter-company loan agreements with a related group entity and with its subsidiaries. A principal risk is the Company not receiving interest payments in order to make interest payments to the lender company. Therefore, the Company's main concerns are attributable to the sound operation of the underlying infrastructure assets, ensuring that the modelled cash flows, made up of, but not limited to, subordinated debt principal repayments, subordinated debt interest payments, dividends and other fees are indeed received. The Company will monitor actual and projected cash flows to ensure that the returns are as expected. In addition, the Company will also look to optimise returns from the underlying infrastructure assets through achieving efficiencies at project level and by maximising synergies at portfolio level.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

J C Smith Director

Date: 30/06/2021

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Equitix Capital Eurobond 6 Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 31 December 2020 which comprise the Statement of Total Comprehensive Income, Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes, including the accounting policies in note 2.

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2020 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards in conformity with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities are described below. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under, and are independent of the Company in accordance with, UK ethical requirements including the FRC Ethical Standard. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

#### Going concern

The Directors have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis as they do not intend to liquidate the Company or to cease its operations, and as they have concluded that the Company's financial position means that this is realistic. They have also concluded that there are no material uncertainties that could have cast significant doubt over its ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements ("the going concern period").

In our evaluation of the directors' conclusions, we considered the inherent risks to the Company's business model and analysed how those risks might affect the company's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period.

Our conclusions based on this work:

- we consider that the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate;
- we have not identified, and concur with the Directors' assessment that there is not, a material uncertainty related to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for the going concern period.

However, as we cannot predict all future events or conditions and as subsequent events may result in outcomes that are inconsistent with judgements that were reasonable at the time they were made, the above conclusions are not a guarantee that the company will continue in operation.

#### Fraud and breaches of laws and regulations - ability to detect

Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to fraud

To identify risks of material misstatement due to fraud ("fraud risks") we assessed events or conditions that could indicate an incentive or pressure to commit fraud or provide an opportunity to commit fraud. Our risk assessment procedures included:

- Enquiring of management as to the Company's policies and procedures to prevent and detect fraud as well as inquiring whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud;
- Reading minutes of the meetings of the Directors; and
- Using analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships.

We communicated identified fraud risks throughout the audit team and remained alert to any indications of fraud throughout the audit.

As required by auditing standards, we perform procedures to address the risk of management override of controls, in particular the risk that management may be in a position to make inappropriate accounting entries and the risk of bias in accounting estimates and judgements such as provision for impairment. On this audit we do not believe there is a fraud risk related to revenue recognition because the calculation of the revenue is non judgmental and straightforward, with limited opportunity for manipulation. We did not identify any additional fraud risks.

We also performed procedures including identifying journal entries to test based on risk criteria and comparing the identified entries to supporting documentation. These included all post year end closing journals.

Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to non-compliance with laws and regulations

We identified areas of laws and regulations that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the financial statements from our general commercial and sector experience through discussion with management (as required by auditing standards) and discussed with management the policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and regulations.

We communicated identified laws and regulations throughout our team and remained alert to any indications of non-compliance throughout the audit. The potential effect of these laws and regulations on the financial statements varies considerably.

Firstly, the Company is subject to laws and regulations that directly affect the financial statements including financial reporting legislation (including related company legislation) and taxation legislation and we assessed the extent of compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items.

Secondly, the Company is subject to many other laws and regulations where the consequences of non compliance could have a material effect on amounts or disclosures in the financial statements, for instance through the imposition of fines or litigation. We identified the following areas as those most likely to have such an effect: anti-bribery, money laundering and GDPR compliance recognising the financial nature of the Company's activities. Auditing standards limit the required audit procedures to identify non-compliance with these laws and regulations to enquiry of the directors and other management and inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any. Therefore, if a breach of operational regulations is not disclosed to us or evident from relevant correspondence, an audit will not detect that breach.

#### Fraud and breaches of laws and regulations - ability to detect (continued)

Context of the ability of the audit to detect fraud or breaches of law or regulation

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it.

In addition, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of fraud, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. Our audit procedures are designed to detect material misstatement. We are not responsible for preventing noncompliance or fraud and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

#### Strategic report and directors' report

The Directors are responsible for the strategic report and the directors' report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover those reports and we do not express an audit opinion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the strategic report and the directors' report and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work:

- we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report and the directors' report;
- in our opinion the information given in those reports for the financial year is consistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion those reports have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006, we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

### **Directors' responsibilities**

As explained more fully in their statement set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for: the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue our opinion in an auditor's report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities.

#### The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Matthew Williams (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants
15 Canada Square

London E14 5GL

Date: 30 June 2021

# STATEMENT OF TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

	Note	Year ended 31 December 2020 £000	Period 16 April 2019 to 31 December 2019 £000
Interest income	7	3,324	-
Fair value loss on investments	10	(1,125)	-
Dividend income	7	796	-
Operating profit	5	2,995	-
Finance costs	8	(3,324)	-
Loss before tax		(329)	
Тах	9	-	-
Loss after tax		(329)	-
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive loss		(329)	<del>-</del>
i otal comprehensive loss		(329)	<u></u>

All of the above relates to continuing activities.

The notes on pages 15 to 29 form part of these financial statements.

# EQUITIX CAPITAL EUROBOND 6 LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 11948554

#### BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020

	Note	2020 £000	2019 £000
Assets			
Non-current assets			-
Investments	10	201,393	-
Total assets		201,393	<u>-</u>
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			-
Interest payable	11	2,038	-
Borrowings	11	199,684	-
Net current liabilities	·	201,722	
Net liabilities		(329)	
Capital and reserves	•		
Share capital	13	-	-
Profit and loss account		(329)	-
	•	(329)	

The financial statements of Equitix Capital Eurobond 6 Limited, registered number 11948554, were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue and were signed on its behalf by:

J C Smith Director

Date: 30/06/2021

The notes on pages 15 to 29 form part of these financial statements.

### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

	Profit and loss account £000	Total equity £000
At 16 April 2019	-	-
Result for the period	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	<u> </u>	-
At 1 January 2020	-	-
Loss for the year	(329)	(329)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	(329)	(329)
At 31 December 2020	(329)	(329)

The notes on pages 15 to 29 form part of these financial statements.

QUITIX CAPITAL EUROBOND 6 LIMITED  TATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS OR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020		

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Equitix Capital Eurobond 6 Limited (the "Company") is a private company limited by shares incorporated, domiciled and registered in England and Wales in the UK under the Companies Act 2006. The address of the registered office is given on page 1. The nature of the Company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Strategic Report on page 5. These financial statements are presented in pounds sterling, being the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates. Monetary amounts are rounded to the nearest £'000.

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation

The Company has presented Financial Statements prepared in accordance with applicable law and International Accounting Standards in conformity with the requirements of Companies Act 2006. A summary of the principal accounting policies, all of which have been applied consistently throughout the current year are set out below. The functional and presentational currency adopted is GBP Sterling as this is the currency of the primary economic activity. Amounts prescribed are rounded to the nearest £'000.

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis except certain financial assets measured at fair value. As a consequence of the Company's parent meeting the criteria to be defined as an Investment Entity under International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS) 10, Consolidated Financial Statements ("IFRS 10"), the Company's results are not consolidated into a parent entity. The Company has considered the need to prepare consolidated financial statements, however, the Company has adopted Investment Entities (Amendments to IFRS 10, IFRS 12, and IAS 27) and meets the definition of an Investment Entity under IFRS 10, on the basis of the following criteria:

- the Company obtains funds from multiple ultimate investors for the purpose of providing those investors with investment management services;
- ii) the Company commits to its investors that its business purpose is to invest funds solely for returns from capital appreciation, investment income, or both; and
- the Company measures and evaluates the performance of substantially all of its investments on a fair value basis.

As such it is required to account for its investments at fair value through profit and loss and hence has not prepared consolidated financial statements.

Joint ventures are those entities over which the Company has significant influence and joint control as defined in IAS 28 'Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures'. By virtue of the Company meeting the definition of a fund management company and the wholly-owned subsidiary of an investment fund and the exemption provided by IAS 28, investments in such entities are designated upon initial recognition to be accounted for at fair value through profit and loss.

#### 2.2 Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which the Directors consider to be appropriate for the following reasons.

Financial projections indicate that sufficient funds will be generated by the operating activities of the Company to enable ongoing obligations to be met as they fall due; with consideration being given to a period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of the Financial Statements.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 2.2 Going concern (continued)

The Directors have the reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future when considering that all committed investments are covered by commitments, the limited outgoings of the Company, levels of undrawn commitments and unutilised credit facilities, and forecast covenant compliance associated with the Company's credit facilities. As a result, the going concern basis of accounting continues to be applied in the preparation of the Financial Statements.

The Directors of the Company have also considered the impact of the COVID-19 global pandemic, which has resulted in unprecedented risks and significant levels of volatility and reduced asset prices in global equity and bond markets. The main risk resulting from COVID-19 for the Company is in respect of the impact on the valuation of investments held at fair value through profit and loss. The Directors of the Company have considered the impact of potentially lower valuations and do not consider there to be any significant impact on the going concern basis of preparation of financial statements.

As the Company has a diverse mix of investments and as certain investments are backed by a government counterparty, the Directors have considered that no severe but plausible downside event would prevent the Company being able to meet its liabilities as they fall due. Further, the Company is at net current liabilities position. The parent has indicated its intention to continue to make available such funds as are needed and does not intend to seek repayment of any amounts payable for the next twelve months from the balance sheet date. As with any company placing reliance on other group entities for financial support, the directors acknowledge that there can be no certainty that this support will continue although, at the date of approval of these financial statements, they have no reason to believe that it will not do so. In conjunction with this assessment, the Directors believes that the Company has sufficient resources to address severe but plausible financial impacts and therefore the Company considers there is no significant impact on the going concern basis of preparation of these financial statements.

Consequently, the Directors are confident that the Company will have sufficient funds to continue to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements and therefore have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

#### 2.3 Revenue

Interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest rate method, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount.

Income from participating interests including Dividend income

Income from participating interests is recognised when the shareholders' rights to receive payment have been established.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 2.4 Borrowings

Borrowings are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

#### 2.5 Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in the Statement of Total Comprehensive Income.

#### 2.6 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the period. Taxable loss differs from the net loss as reported in the Statement of Total Comprehensive Income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other periods and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Statement of Financial Position date.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable loss. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount a of deferred tax asset is reviewed at each Statement of Financial Position date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the Company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable company, and the Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

#### 2.7 Investments

Investments are measured at at fair value through profit or loss. See note 3 for information about the methods used and key inputs.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 2.8 Loans and receivables

Trade receivables, loans and other receivables that are non derivative financial assets and that have fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as 'amortised cost'. These financial instruments are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

#### 3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, the Directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

#### **Estimates**

Eurobond Loan Notes - Interest rate

The Company has 364 day loans with an interest rate ranging from 7% to 11% which were issued by Equitix Fund VI Finco Limited, the parent of the Company.

The Directors consider that those debt terms are still comparable to the applicable terms for similar listed debt instruments in the current market so, therefore, the Directors believe that the book value of the loan note value in these financial statements approximates fair value at the Statement of Financial Position date.

Investments at fair value through profit or loss

The Company holds share capital of, and owns debt due from, several subsidiaries, which in turn own a portfolio of invested companies and their associated intermediate holding companies. The fair value of investments is determined by valuing the underlying portfolio invested companies and intermediate holding companies.

The transaction price of any transactions within 3 months of the measurement date are used as an estimate of fair value as the directors judge this to be a reasonable indicator.

Otherwise, the fair value of the investment in aggregate is calculated by discounting total future cash flows from the investments. Where the interest rate of the debt element of the investment is considered not to reflect market rates at the date of valuation, then in order to separately disclose the fair value of the debt a market debt rate is determined and applied to the separate debt cash flows.

The principal drivers of internally prepared valuations are therefore:

- i) expected future net cash flows; and
- ii) the discount rate to be applied.

Future cash flows involve a degree of uncertainty in terms of their amount and timing. Cash flows in the underlying investments are exposed to risks in relation to deductions that may be made by the relevant procuring party in relation to performance conditions, demand, availability and inflation.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

# 3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (continued)

#### **Estimates (continued)**

(i) Future cash flows are the future distributions expected to be received by the Company from its investments. Future distributions involve a degree of uncertainty in terms of their amount and timing as cash flows in the underlying Investments are exposed to risks, for example, in relation to deductions that may be made by the relevant Government Authority in relation to performance conditions and macroeconomic changes. These cashflows are based on the latest financial model available for each investment. These are updated for actual figures periodically and, for levered investments, reviewed by senior debt providers; as such these provide the most reliable estimate of future cash flows. The Investment Manager updates these financial models for the latest macroeconomic forecasts to ensure consistency across the Company's portfolio.

If the expected future net cash flows were decreased or increased by 10%, with all other variables held constant, the impact on the value of financial assets would be a decrease of £15,637k (2019: £nil) or increase of £15,637k (2019: £nil) respectively.

(ii) Discount rates are based on a risk-free rate adjusted by an appropriate premium to reflect the specific risks of the investment. The risk-free rate is derived from UK government bond rates for the 24-month average yield-to-maturity matching individual investment life. During the year, the Company changed the methodology for determining risk-free rate used for this purpose. In previous years, risk-free' rate was taken to be the UK government bond rate matching the fund maturity profile. The Directors believes that the new method is more appropriate as it better represents the risk-free profile of each individual asset.

A discount rate premium is then calculated considering multiple factors pertaining to the specific risk of the investment, including base infrastructure risk, construction risk (if applicable), duration risk due to an extended project life, sector specific risks, and any project specific risks.

The discount rates used for the 2020 valuation were in a range 8.0% to 8.5% (2019 nil) with a weighted average of 8.4% (2019: nil). An increase of 1% in the average discount rate would cause a decrease in fair value of the investments of £19,316k (2019: £nil).

The estimate of fair value may vary from the price achieved in an actual sale as potential acquirers may use different valuation criteria for their own strategic reasons.

The following economic assumptions were used in the discounted cash flow valuations:

UK inflation rate
UK deposit interest rates
UK corporation tax

3% for 2020, long term 3% 0.1% for 2020, long term 0.3% 19% for 2020, long term 19%

### Key judgements

#### Deferred Tax

The Company has not recognised deferred tax on the temporary difference between the fair value of the investment and its tax base because the Directors are of the view that the fair value of the subordinated debt component of the investment approximates to its nominal value and so any movement in fair value is attributable to the equity component only. In this case there would be no taxation arising because the value of the equity component will be realised through the receipt of non-taxable dividends and/or by a sale for which reliefs from taxation will be available.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

# 4. INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("IFRS") - ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED STANDARDS

A number of new standards are effective 1 January 2020 but do not have a material effect on the Company's Financial Statements. The notable policy changes are listed below:

- Definition of a Business (Amendments to IFRS 3)
- Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in IFRS Standards and Revised Conceptual Framework
- Definition of Material (Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8)
- Interest Rate Benchmark Reform (Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39 and IFRS 7)
- Covid-19 Related Rent Concessions (Amendments to IFRS 16)

The Directors do not expect that the adoption of the standards listed above and other new standards will have a material impact on the Company in future periods.

#### 5. OPERATING PROFIT

The operating profit of the Company is attributable to the principal activity of the Company, all of which was carried out in the United Kingdom.

The audit fee for Equitix Capital Eurobond 6 Limited of £14k (2019:£11k) has been borne by Equitix Fund VI LP, who will not seek compensation from the Company. There were no non-audit fees paid to the auditors (2019: £nil).

#### 6. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

No staff were directly employed by the company. (2019: none)

No Directors received any remuneration for services to the Company during the year. The Company is managed by secondees from Equitix Limited. No recharge for services rendered has been made during the year (2019: £nil).

#### 7. INVESTMENT INCOME

	2020 £000	2019 £000
Interest income	3,324	-
Dividend income	796	-
	4,120	-

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

8.	FINANCE COSTS		
		2020 £000	2019 £000
		2000	2000
	Interest expense	3,324	-
		3,324	<u>-</u>
9.	TAX		
		2020 £000	2019 £000
	Current tax	-	
			·
	The differences between the total current tax and the amount calculated b UK corporation tax to the loss before tax are as follows:	y applying the avera	age rate o
	The differences between the total current tax and the amount calculated b UK corporation tax to the loss before tax are as follows:	y applying the avera 2020 £000	age rate o 2019 £000
	The differences between the total current tax and the amount calculated b UK corporation tax to the loss before tax are as follows:	2020	2019
	UK corporation tax to the loss before tax are as follows:	2020 £000	2019
	UK corporation tax to the loss before tax are as follows:  Loss before tax  Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19%	2020 £000 (329) ————————————————————————————————————	2019
	UK corporation tax to the loss before tax are as follows:  Loss before tax	2020 £000 (329)	2019

# Changes in tax rates and factors affecting the future tax charges

The March 2021 Budget announced a proposed increase in corporation tax rates with a corporation tax rate of 25% applying with effect from 1 April 2023. This will increase the Company's future current tax charge accordingly

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

0.	INVESTMENTS		
		2020 £000	2019 £000
	Opening balance	-	_
	Acquisitions	199,684	-
	Movement in accrued interest of debt element	2,834	-
	Fair value loss	(1,125)	-
		201,393	-
	The investment comprises a debt element and an equity element as follows:		
		2020 £000	2019 £000
	Debt securities	201,393	-
	Equity	-	-
		201,393	-

The debt element carries a coupon ranging from 7% to 11% (2019: Nil%) and is repayable in 2021.

Investments are generally restricted on their ability to transfer funds to the Company under the terms of the senior funding arrangement for that investment. Significant restrictions include:

- Historic and projected debt service and loan life cover ratios exceed a given threshold;
- Required cash reserve account levels are met;
- Senior lenders have agreed the current financial model that forecasts the economic performance of the company;
- · Project performance is in compliance with the terms of its senior funding arrangements; and
- Senior lenders have approved the annual budget for the Company.

A list of subsidiaries and joint ventures of the Company can be found in note 18 of these financial statements.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

11.	OTHER PAYABLES		
		2020 £000	2019 £000
	Interest payable	2,038	-
	Included on the Statement of Financial Position as follows:	2,038	-
	Current	2,038	-
		2,038	-

The carrying amount of these liabilities is considered to approximate their fair value due to its short term nature.

# 12. BORROWINGS

	2020 £000	2019 £000
Loans from related undertaking	199,684	-
	199,684	-
Included on the Statement of Financial Position as follows:		
Current	199,684	-
	199,684	_

### 13. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised	2020 £	2020 Number	2019 £	2019 Number
Unpaid ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100
	100	100	100	100

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

#### 14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### Capital risk management

The Company manages its capital to ensure that it is able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The capital structure of the Company borrowings are as disclosed in note 12, equity attributable to equity holders of the parent, comprising issued capital, reserves and retained losses as disclosed in the Statement of Change in Equity and note 13. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

Categories of financial instruments

	2020 £000	2019 £000
Financial assets		
Fair value through profit or loss		
Investment	201,393	-
	201,393	
Financial liabilities at amortised cost		
Loans	(199,684)	-
Interest payable	(2,038)	-
	(201,722)	
	<del></del>	

Borrowings comprise inter-company loan agreements.

#### Financial risk management

#### Risk management objectives

The Directors provide advice to the Company on all risks faced and manage the financial risks relating to the operations of the Company through internal risk reports which analyse the exposures faced by degree and magnitude of risk consequences. These risks include market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Company does not enter into financial derivative contracts. The Company follows the Equitix Fund VI LP Group's policies approved by the board of Directors. The Company does not enter into or trade financial instruments including derivative financial instruments, for speculative purposes.

#### Market risk

The Company's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of interest rates and performance risk.

#### Interest rate risk management

The Company has limited exposure to interest rate risk as debt issued to Equitix Fund VI Finco Ltd has an interest rate ranging from 7% to 11% and the majority of the underlying borrowings are fixed rate loans. Therefore the Company has limited exposure to cash flow risk due to changes in interest rates over variable rate borrowings. The fixed rate borrowings are carried at amortised cost and hence not exposed to fair value movements due to changes in interest rates.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

#### 14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### Interest rate sensitivity analysis

The Group has limited exposure to interest rate risk because the debt issued to Equitix Fund VI Finco Ltd have an interest rate ranging from 7% to 11%.

#### Performance risk management

Performance risk management refers to the risk that the underlying project companies will not perform in line with expectations, and as such the Company will not receive forecast cash flows as expected. This risk is mitigated through the contractual structure of the projects, whereby deductions or non-performance are passed down to the facilities manager, operations and maintenance provider or construction subcontractors.

#### Credit risk management

The Company is exposed to credit risk in respect to its current assets as outlined in the Statement of Financial Position through possible default of the relevant counterparty. The maximum gross exposure to credit risk, before credit enhancements and other mitigates, is represented by the carrying amounts of the financial assets that are carried on the Statement of Financial Position. This risk is mitigated through a combination of diversification of exposures across multiple projects and sectors, the majority of credit counterparties for projects being government, government backed or quasi government bodies, and the presences of collateral and credit enhancements at the project level including charges over, or ownership of, physical assets. This risk is therefore not considered to be significant.

The Company's subsidiaries and investments transact with creditworthy infrastructure companies that have a cash flow derived from projects in agreement with government or semi government authorities.

#### Liquidity risk management

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the board of Directors, which has built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Company's short, medium-and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining reserve borrowing facilities, continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

#### 14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

The following tables detail the Company's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities. The tables have been drawn up on undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date the Company could be required to satisfy borrowing repayments. The table includes principal repayment and assumed interest cash flows.

#### Liabilities

	2020 £000	2019 £000
Less than 1 year		
Interest payable	2,038	-
	2,038	
1-5 years		
Interest payable	87,861	-
	87,861	-
5+ years		
Interest payable	497,878	-
Borrowings	199,684	-
	697,562	
Total		
Interest payable	585,739	-
Borrowings	199,684	-
	785,423	
	<del></del> -	

#### Fair value of financial instruments

The Company holds a number of financial instruments on the statement of financial position at their fair values. The following hierarchy classifies each class of financial asset or liability depending upon the valuation technique applied in determining its fair value:

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities, where inputs are observable;
- ii) Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices) where inputs are directly or indirectly observable; and
- iii) Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data, where the inputs are unobservable.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

#### 14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Investments comprise both debt and equity investments. Both of these elements are considered Level 3 valuations. See note 3. There have been no transfers between these categories in the current year.

The key assumptions used in determining the fair values of investments and a sensitivity analysis is disclosed in note 3.

#### 15. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Trading transactions

During the year the Company entered into the following transactions with related parties.

Statement of Total Comprehensive Income	Investment	expense	Investment	Interest expense
Deleted north	2020 £000	2020 £000	2019 £000	2019 £000
Related party	£000	2,000	£000	£000
Equitix Fund 6 Transportation Sector Holdco Ltd	565	-	_	-
Equitix Fund 6 Education Sector Holdco Ltd	231	-	-	-
Equitix Fund VI Finco	-	(3,324)	-	-
Equitix Fund 6 Education Sector Holdco Ltd	576	-	-	-
Equitix Fund 6 Renewables Sector Holdco Ltd	2,577	_	-	•
Equitix Fund 6 Transportation Sector Holdco Ltd	171	-		<u> </u>
	4,120	(3,324)	•	•
Statement of Financial Position				
	Amounts	Amounts	Amounts	Amounts
	owed by	owed to	owed by	owed to
	related	related	related	related
	party	party	party	party
	2020	2020	2019	2019
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Related party				
Equitix Fund VI Finco	-	(201,722)	-	•
Equitix Fund 6 Education Sector Holdco Ltd	(16,963)	•	-	-
Equitix Fund 6 Renewables Sector Holdco Ltd	(147,432)			
Equitix Fund 6 Transportation Sector Holdco Ltd	(37,327)			
	(201,722)	(201,722)	•	•

Amounts owed by Equitix Fund 6 Education Sector Holdco Ltd, Equitix Fund 6 Renewables Sector Holdco Ltd and Equitix Fund 6 Transportation Sector Holdco Ltd are loan notes recognised as investments held at fair value in the Statement of Financial Position. The terms of the loan notes reflect the structure of the underlying infrastructure investment.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

#### 16. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING

The Company's immediate parent company is Equitix Fund Holdco 6 Limited, registered address Martello Court, Admiral Park, St Peter Port, Guernsey, GY1 3HB, a Company incorporated in Guernsey. The Company's ultimate parent and controlling entity, is Equitix Fund VI LP, registered address 3rd Floor, South Building, 200 Aldersgate Street, London, EC1A 4HD, a Limited Partnership registered in England and Wales. The Company's results are not consolidated as the Company's immediate parent and its ultimate parent entity meets the criteria of Investment Entities under IFRS 10. The Company's parent does not prepare consolidated accounts.

#### 17. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

On 8th March 2021, the Company entered into a joint and several asset backed revolving credit facility alongside Equitix Capital Eurobond 6A Ltd and Equitix VI Primary Infrastructure Top Holdings LP for £80m.

On 8th January 2021, the Company entered into a loan agreement for £10.1m with an interest rate of 11% with a group entity, Equitix Fund VI Finco Limited. On 8th January 2021 the Company entered into a loan agreement of £10.1m, with an interest rate of 11% with its subsidiary Equitix Fund 6 Network Utilities Sector Holdco Ltd for the purpose of acquiring an indirect interest in the equity of Bio Capital 2 Ltd.

On 16th March 2021, the Company entered into a loan agreement for £145.7m with an interest rate of 11% with a group entity, Equitix Fund VI Finco Limited. On 16th March 2021 the Company entered into a loan agreement of £145.7m, with an interest rate of 11% with its subsidiary Equitix Fund 6 Network Utilities Sector Holdco Ltd for the purpose of acquiring an indirect interest in the equity of Beatrice Offshore Wind Farm Ltd.

On 6th May 2021, the Company entered into a loan agreement for £20.5m with an interest rate of 11% with a group entity, Equitix Fund VI Finco Limited. On 6th May 2021, the Company entered into a loan agreement of £20.3m with an interest rate of 11% with its subsidiary Equitix Fund 6 Healthcare B Sector Holdco Ltd for the purpose of acquiring an indirect interest in the equity and mezzanine notes and loan stock held in Capital Hospitals (Issuer) Plc.

On 6th May 2021, the Company entered into a loan agreement for £106.2m with an interest rate of 11% with a group entity, Equitix Fund VI Finco Limited. On 6th May 2021, the Company entered into a loan agreement of £106.2m with an interest rate of 11% with its subsidiary Equitix Fund 6 OFTO Sector Holdco Ltd for the purpose of acquiring an indirect interest in the equity and subordinated debt in Agility Trains East Limited.

On 22nd June 2021, the Company entered into a loan agreement for £60.7m with an interest rate of 11% with a group entity, Equitix Fund VI Finco Limited. On 22nd June 2021, the Company entered into a loan agreement of £60.7m with an interest rate of 11% with its subsidiary Equitix Fund 6 Transportation Sector Holdco Ltd for the purpose of acquiring an indirect interest in Project Keys II.

#### Eurobond Loan Notes - Interest Rate

The Company listed Eurobonds on The International Stock Exchange on 31st March 2021 for a value of £355.8m with a fixed interest rate of 11% which have been purchased by Equitix Fund VI Finco Limited, the ultimate parent of the Company.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

# 18. SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT VENTURES AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020

	Initial Investment	Industry Sector	Country of domicile	Equity Holding	Registered Address
Equitix Fund 6 Education Sector Holdco Limited	12/05/2020	Holding Company	Guernsey	100%	PO Box 119 Martello Court Admiral Park St Peter Port Guernsey GY1 3HB
Equitix Fund 6 Healthcare	. = . 00, 2020	Holding	cacinocy	100%	PO Box 119 Martello Court Admiral Park St
Sector Holdco Limited Equitix Fund 6	10/07/2020	Company	Guernsey	100%	Peter Port Guernsey GY1 3HB
Renew ables Sector		Holding			PO Box 119 Martello Court Admiral Park St
Holdco Limited	17/07/2020		Guernsey	100%	Peter Port Guernsey GY1 3HB
Equitix Fund 6 OFTO Sector Holdco Limited	17/07/2020	Holding	Guernsey	1000/	PO Box 119 Martello Court Admiral Park St Peter Port Guernsey GY1 3HB
Equitix Fund 6	1770772020	Company	Guerrisey	100%	reter ron odemsey of 1 51 b
Transportation Sector		Holding			PO Box 119 Martello Court Admiral Park St
Holdco Limited	14/08/2020	Company	Guernsey	100%	Peter Port Guernsey GY1 3HB
Equitix Fund 6 Network		11-1-2:			DO Day 440 Mantalla Count Admiral Dade Ct
Utilities Sector Holdco Limited	14/08/2020	Holding	Guernsey	100%	PO Box 119 Martello Court Admiral Park St Peter Port Guernsey GY1 3HB
Equitix Fund 6 Healthcare	14/00/2020	Holding	Cucinisty	100%	PO Box 119 Martello Court Admiral Park St
B Sector Holdco Limited	21/12/2020	•	Guernsey	100%	Peter Port Guernsey GY1 3HB
Equitix Fund 6 Network					
Utilities B Sector Holdco	04/40/0000	Holding	•		PO Box 119 Martello Court Admiral Park St
Limited	21/12/2020	Company Holding	Guernsey	100%	Peter Port Guernsey GY1 3HB  3rd Floor, South Building, 200 Aldersgate
Equitix Infrastructure 6 Ltd	12/11/2020	•	UK	100%	Street, London, United Kingdom, EC1A 4HD
•		. ,		20270	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Yorkshire Learning		Social			3rd Floor, South Building, 200 Aldersgate
Partnership PSP Limited	28/05/2020	Infrastructure	UK	78%	Street, London, United Kingdom, EC1A 4HD
Yorkshire Learning		Social			Office 4: 10 No. 1 Aire Street, Leeds,
Partnership Holdco Limited	28/05/2020	Infrastructure	UK	70%	England, LS1 4PR
Yorkshire Learning Partnership Project Co Ltd	28/05/2020	Social Infrastructure	UK	700/	Office 4: 10 No. 1 Aire Street, Leeds, England, LS1 4PR
raithership Project Co Ltd	20/03/2020	unrasti ucture	UK	70%	Ligiano, Lor 4FIX
		Social			Sevendale House 3rd Floor, Suite 6c, 5-7
PSBP NW Holdco Limited	18/12/2020	Infrastructure	UK	45%	Dale Street, Manchester, England, M1 1JB
		Social			Sevendale House 3rd Floor, Suite 6c, 5-7
PSBP NW Debtco Limited	18/12/2020	Infrastructure	UK	45%	Dale Street, Manchester, England, M1 1JB
			<u></u>	4370	
		Social			Sevendale House 3rd Floor, Suite 6c, 5-7
PSBP NW Projectco Ltd	18/12/2020	Infrastructure	UK	45%	Dale Street, Manchester, England, M1 1JB
Equitix KLL Topco Limited	13/10/2020	Renew ables	Guernsey	100%	PO Box 119 Martello Court Admiral Park St Peter Port Guernsey GY1 3HB
Equilix NEE Topeo Elitica	10/10/2020	Renew ables	Outilisty	100%	PO Box 119 Martello Court Admiral Park St
Equitix KLL Bidco Limited	13/10/2020	_	Guernsey	100%	Peter Port Guernsey GY1 3HB
		_			1st Floor Cef Building, Inveralmend Road,
IZI 1 1 Indd: 1 ::: d	42/40/2020	Renew ables	1.112		Inveralment Industrial Estate, Perth,
KLL Holdings Limited	13/10/2020	Pow er	UK	100%	Scotland, PH1 3TW 1st Floor Cef Building, Inveralment Road,
		Renew ables			Inveralment Industrial Estate, Perth,
Kinlochleven Power Ltd	13/10/2020		UK	100%	Scotland, PH1 3TW