Unaudited Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the six months ended 30 September 2023

Interim Report and Unaudited Consolidated Interim Financial Statements For the six months ended 30 September 2023

	Page
General Information	1
Manager's Report	2 - 3
Statement of Manager's Responsibilities	4
Investment Review	5
Property Portfolio	6
Unaudited Consolidated Statement of Total Comprehensive Income	7
Unaudited Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	8
Unaudited Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units	9
Unaudited Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	10
Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Interim Financial Statements	11 - 24

General Information

Manager: Pinnacle Investment Management Limited

11 New Street St Peter Port Guernsey GY1 2PF

Directors of the Manager: John Whittle

Quentin Spicer Christopher Turnbull Ong Eng Keong (Matthew)

Phil Clark

Administrator: Vistra Fund Services (Guernsey) Limited

11 New Street St Peter Port Guernsey GY1 2PF

Sub-Registrar: Vistra Fund Services (Guernsey) Limited

11 New Street St Peter Port Guernsey GY1 2PF

Investment Advisor: Pinnacle Investments (Holdings) Limited

8th Floor Holborn Tower 137-144 High Holborn London WC1V 6PL

Trustee: Vistra Fund Services (Guernsey) Limited

11 New Street St Peter Port Guernsey GY1 2PF

Auditor: Grant Thornton Limited

St James Place St James Street St Peter Port Guernsey GY1 2NZ

Trustee Oversight: Aspida Group Limited

Tudor House Le Bordage St Peter Port Guernsey GY1 1DB

Legal Advisers: Carey Olsen (Guernsey) LLP

PO Box 98 Les Banques Carey House St Peter Port Guernsey GY1 1DB

Manager's Report

For the six months ended 30 September 2023

The Manager presents its interim report and unaudited consolidated interim financial statements of Pinnacle Residential Fund and its subsidiaries (the 'Fund') for the six months ended 30 September 2023.

Manager's Responsibilities

The Manager's responsibilities are set out on page 4.

The Trust Structure

The Fund is a Guernsey domiciled open-ended unit trust constituted under a Trust Instrument made between D&G Investment Management Limited as the Manager and Kleinwort Benson (Guernsey) Limited as the Trustee and dated 18 January 2007. On 24 September 2019, a Supplemental Trust Instrument was made between Pinnacle Investment Management Limited (formerly D&G Investment Management Limited) as the Manager and Vistra Fund Services (Guernsey) Limited as the new Trustee. Pursuant to the Supplemental Trust instrument and revised Scheme Particulars dated 1 June 2021, the Fund was changed from a Discretionary Trust to a Baker Trust. The Fund was authorised by the Guernsey Financial Services Commission on 28 December 2006 as a Class B Scheme, under The Authorised Collective Investment Schemes (Class B) Rules and Guidance, 2021 and the Protection of Investors (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 2020.

On 26 February 2020, pursuant to the Limited Partnership Agreement, PRF (Guernsey) Ltd (the 'General Partner') and the Trustee established a Limited Partnership under the name of PRF (Guernsey) LP (the 'Partnership'), registered as a limited partnership in Guernsey under the Limited Partnerships (Guernsey) Law, 1995. The General Partner is solely responsible for the conduct and management of the business of the Partnership. The purpose of the Partnership is to carry on the business of an investment holding vehicle in order to make and distribute value from investments. On 28 June 2021, pursuant to section 30(8)(a) of The Limited Partnerships (Guernsey) Law, 1995, PRF (Guernsey) LP (the 'Partnership') was dissolved.

On 27 February 2020, pursuant to Section 6(2) of the Trusts (Guernsey) Law, 2007, the Manager and the Trustee established the PRF Bedford Unit Trust ('Bedford Trust'). The objective of the Bedford Trust is to acquire, hold, lease, realise and deal in real estate in the United Kingdom (UK).

On 31 March 2022, pursuant to Section 6(2) of the Trusts (Guernsey) Law, 2007, the Manager and the Trustee established the PRF Hayes Unit Trust ('Hayes Trust'). The objective of the Hayes Trust is to acquire, hold, lease, realise and deal in real estate in the UK.

The Bedford Trust and the Hayes Trust together are referred as the 'Sub-Trusts' throughout the Consolidated Financial Statements.

The Fund has 100% direct ownership of Bedford Trust and Hayes Trust. The consolidated financial statements therefore consist of the Fund and the Sub-Trusts. The Fund and the Sub-Trusts are collectively referred to as the 'Fund'.

All issued redeemable units have been admitted to the official listing of The International Stock Exchange ('TISE') since 9 February 2007.

On 15 November 2023, a resolution was passed to commence an orderly wind up of the Fund resulting in cessation of the issue and redemption of units in the Trust.

Investment Objective and Policy

The Fund aims to provide investors with an attractive, stable income return with good prospects for both income and capital growth. This will strike a balance between total return and income return.

Principal Activity

The principal activity of the Fund was the acquisition and holding of a geographically diversified portfolio of residential assets on a 'granular' basis. The Fund predominantly targeted existing residential assets in well-connected urban areas, where the pipeline of new housing supply is significantly lower than the forecast population growth. On 15 November 2023, a resolution was passed to commence an orderly wind up of the Fund.

Net Asset Value

The International Financial Reporting Standards ('IFRS') as issued by IASB net asset value of the Fund at 30 September 2023 was £6,947,146 (31 March 2023: £7,052,843), equating to deliver a net asset value per unit of £0.14 (31 March 2023: £0.14). The IFRS net asset value has been reconciled to the dealing net asset value as at 30 September 2023 in note 24.

Gains and Losses

The net loss for the Fund for the six months period ended 30 September 2023 was £94,644 (30 September 2022: net loss £572,112).

* The Manager uses the terms 'Fund' and 'Trust' interchangeably throughout this document. The Manager acknowledges that the terms may have different nuances but these distinctions are not relevant to Pinnacle Residential Fund.

Manager's Report (continued) For the six months ended 30 September 2023

Distribution Policy

In previous years, the Fund had applied to His Majesty's Revenue and Customs ('HMRC') to be treated as a Reporting Fund, however as of 1 June 2021, the Fund ceased to be a Reporting Fund, owing to its transparent status for income tax purposes.

The Fund has given notice to HMRC to withdraw from the Reporting Fund regime, such that the Reporting Fund regulations will cease to apply to the Fund. Since the withdrawal was successful, the Fund is only required to report to the Fund's UK Unitholders for each reporting period either by post or electronically.

The Trustee intends to distribute to Unitholders income after payment and provision for any Revenue Expenses and the deduction of any Withholding Tax (if applicable). Distributions will generally be made as soon as practicable after the end of the Fund's financial year which is 31 March in each year. Income distributions will be paid in compliance with the Class B Rules. No distribution shall bear interest against the Fund.

Directors' fees of the Manager

The remuneration to the Directors of the Manager ("the Directors") for the six months ended 30 September 2023 was £20,041 (31 March 2023: £38,904).

Going Concern

The Directors deem it appropriate to adopt a basis other than going concern in preparing the consolidated interim financial statements given the fact they intend to wind up the Fund, consequently, all assets and liabilities have been classified as current, refer to note 25 for further details. The Directors believe that the Fund has sufficient resources available to meet its wind-down costs and day-to-day running costs.

Independent Auditor

Grant Thornton Limited have expressed their willingness to continue in office. A resolution to re-appoint them as auditor to the Fund will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Director: Christopher Turnbull

Approved by the Board of Directors of the Manager and signed on its behalf by:

Director: John Whittle
Pinnacle Investment Management Limited
Manager of Pinnacle Residential Fund

Date: 26 January 2024

Statement of Manager's Responsibilities For the six months ended 30 September 2023

The Manager is responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Fund, for safeguarding the assets of the Fund, for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities, and for the preparation of a Manager's Report which complies with the requirements of The Authorised Collective Investment Schemes (Class B) Rules and Guidance, 2021 made under The Protection of Investors (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 2020.

The Manager is responsible for preparing the annual report and audited consolidated financial statements in accordance with The Authorised Collective Investment Schemes (Class B) Rules and Guidance, 2021 made under The Protection of Investors (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 2020 and the Supplemental Trust Instrument. The Manager has chosen to prepare interim consolidated financial statements for the Fund in accordance with IFRS as issued by IASB.

International Accounting Standard 1 requires that consolidated financial statements present fairly for each financial year the entity's financial position, financial performance and cash flows. This requires the faithful representation of the effects of transactions, other events and conditions in accordance with the definitions and recognition criteria for assets, liabilities, income and expenses set out in the IASB's 'Framework for the preparation and presentation of financial statements'. In virtually all circumstances, a fair presentation will be achieved by compliance with all applicable IFRS. A fair presentation also requires the Manager to:

- consistently select and apply appropriate accounting policies;
- present information, including accounting policies, in a manner that provides relevant, reliable, comparable and understandable information;
- provide additional disclosures when compliance with the specific requirements in IFRS is insufficient to enable users to understand the impact of particular transactions, other events and conditions on the Fund's financial position and financial performance; and
- make an assessment of the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern.

Approved by the Board of Directors of the Manager and signed on its behalf by:

Director: John Whittle
Pinnacle Investment Management Limited
Manager of Pinnacle Residential Fund

Date: 26 January 2024

Director: Christopher Turnbull

Investment Review For the six months ended 30 September 2023

The six months under review has once again reasserted the defensive credentials of the Fund's residential investment strategy in the face of significant and continuing macro-economic and geo-political headwinds. Though interest rates have plateaued in the UK and inflation decreased markedly, providing cause for optimism, the cost of living crisis exposes many in the economy to challenging times, both now and in the future. Given the locations and market price point of our assets, we continue to see strong rental growth on changing of tenants, in excess of cost growth.

As shown within these accounts, the Fund remained insulated from adverse movements in interest rates, having fixed our debt for three years from Spring 2022 on acquisition of our Hayes asset. The equity released from the refinancing of our Bedford asset at the same time, was allocated to undertake the planned capital works on Hayes. These continue and when complete we will reposition rents up to market levels, delivering the intended benefit of a higher quality asset near the Elizabeth Line, which has opened since rents were last rebased.

Whilst the Fund has benefited from resilience at the asset level, it is still heavily impacted by wider macro-economic conditions at the fund level. The biggest impact being on the ability of the Fund to reach the scale required to deliver sustainable profitability and cashflow and value growth. As communicated previously inward investment in the UK and our ability to raise funds has been an ongoing challenge and we continued to review our strategic options in light of these ongoing challenges.

It was therefore with much disappointment that the strategic review recommended that the assets be liquidated and the fund wound down. The board of the Manager considered the proposals and accepted them, recommending them to unitholders at an Extraordinary General Meeting held on 15 November 2023. Unitholders voted in favour of the proposals, which saw the fund close to subscriptions and redemptions. The assets are being prepared for sale in order to both maximise value to unitholders and return capital in a timely fashion.

Pinnacle Investment Management Limited Manager of Pinnacle Residential Fund

Property Portfolio As at 30 September 2023

Investment Properties	Market Value	Percentage of Total Assets
	£	
The Residence, Lurke Street, Bedford, MK40 3FJ	8,240,000	54.00%
Boleyn Court, Botwell Lane, Hayes, UB3 2BL	5,790,000	37.94%
	14,030,000	91.94%
Cash	843,714	5.53%
Other assets	386,898	2.53%
Total assets	15,260,612	100.00%

Unaudited Consolidated Statement of Total Comprehensive Income For the six months ended 30 September 2023

	Notes	30 September 2023 £	30 September 2022 £
Revenue Property operating expenses	8 9	415,351 (155,008)	379,953 (45,426)
Net rental income	9	260,343	334,527
Net unrealised loss on investment properties	13	(41,853)	(481,294)
Net loss on investment properties		(41,853)	(481,294)
Administrative expenses	10	(168,819)	(255,207)
Operating profit/(loss)		49,671	(401,974)
Finance income Finance costs	11 12	6,790 (151,105)	235 (170,373)
Net loss for the period before tax		(94,644)	(572,112)
Tax expense for the period		-	-
Net loss for the period after tax		(94,644)	(572,112)
Other comprehensive income		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total comprehensive loss for the period		(94,644)	(572,112)
Basic loss per unit	22 (a)	(0.19) pence	(1.17) pence
Diluted loss per unit	22 (b)	(0.19) pence	(1.17) pence

Unaudited Consolidated Statement of Financial Position As at 30 September 2023

	Notes	30 September 2023 Unaudited £	31 March 2023 Audited £
Non-current assets			
Investment properties	13		14,030,000
Current assets			11,000,000
Investment properties	13	14,030,000	_
Trade and other receivables	14	386,898	428,568
Cash and cash equivalents		843,714	788,081
		15,260,612	1,216,649
Total assets		15,260,612	15,246,649
Current liabilities			
Borrowings	17	7,890,000	-
Trade and other payables	15	282,890	166,525
Deferred revenue	16	59,527	69,189
Loan interest due	17	69,605	68,092
Payables to Pinnacle Investment Manager Limited	20(vii)	11,445	
		8,313,467	303,806
Non-current liabilities			
Borrowings	17	<u>-</u> _	7,890,000
			7,890,000
Total liabilities (excluding net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units)		8,313,466	8,193,806
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units		6,947,146	7,052,843
Represented by:			
Number of redeemable units in issue	19	48,582,083	48,661,044
Net asset value per redeemable unit		14.30 pence	14.49 pence

The Unaudited Consolidated Interim Financial Statements on pages 7 to 24 were approved by the Board of Directors of the Manager and authorised for issue on 26 January 2024.

Director: John Whittle
Pinnacle Investment Management Limited
Manager of Pinnacle Residential Fund

Director: Christopher Turnbull

Unaudited Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units For the six months ended 30 September 2023

	Number of Units Issued	£
Balance of Net Assets attributable to holders of redeemable units on 31 March 2022	48,823,213	6,704,612
Redemption of redeemable units	(90,630)	(12,691)
Total comprehensive loss for the period	-	(572,112)
Balance of Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units on 30 September 2022	48,732,583	6,119,809
Balance of Net Assets attributable to holders of redeemable units on 31 March 2023	48,661,044	7,052,843
Redemption of redeemable units	(78,961)	(11,055)
Total comprehensive loss for the period	-	(94,642)
Balance of Net Assets attributable to holders of redeemable units on 30 September 2023	48,582,083	6,947,146

Unaudited Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows For the six months ended 30 September 2023

	Notes	Period ended 30 September 2023 £	Period ended 30 September 2022 £
Cash flows from operating activities		(04.644)	(F70 110)
Total comprehensive loss for the period		(94,644)	(572,112)
Adjustments for:			
Net unrealised loss on investment properties	13	41,853	481,294
Finance income	11	(6,790)	(235)
Finance costs	12	151,105	170,373
Operating profit before changes in working capital		91,524	79,320
Decrease/(increase) in receivables		41,670	(104,311)
Increase in payables		127,811	22,682
(Decrease)/increase in deferred revenue		(9,662)	42,576
Net cash inflows from operating activities		251,343	40,267
Cash flows from investing activities			
Interest received	11	6,790	235
Capitalised expenses	13	(41,853)	(44,294)
Net cash outflows used in investing activities		(35,063)	(44,059)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Redemption of redeemable units		(11,055)	(12,691)
Repayment of borrowings	17	-	(4,200,000)
Loans received	17	-	4,800,000
Finance costs paid		(149,592)	(143,228)
Net cash (used in)/from financing activities		(160,647)	444,081
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		55,633	440,289
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		788,081	588,413
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period		843,714	1,028,702

Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Interim Financial Statements For the six months ended 30 September 2023

1. General information

Pinnacle Residential Fund and its subsidiaries (the 'Fund') is an open-ended unit trust established in Guernsey by a Trust Instrument dated 18 January 2007 (the 'Original Trust Instrument') with a maximum duration of 100 years. The registered office of the Manager is 11 New Street, St Peter Port, Guernsey, GY1 2PF. On 24 September 2019, the Original Trust Instrument was supplemented by the Supplemental Trust Instrument.

The Fund aims to provide investors with an attractive, stable income return with good prospects for both income and capital growth. This will strike a balance between total return and income return.

The Fund's investment activities are managed by Pinnacle Investment Management Limited (the 'Manager') (formerly D&G Investment Management Limited). The trusteeship of the Fund is managed by Vistra Fund Services (Guernsey) Limited (the 'Trustee'). The administration is delegated to Vistra Fund Services (Guernsey) Limited.

On 26 February 2020, pursuant to the Limited Partnership Agreement, PRF (Guernsey) Ltd (the 'General Partner') and the Trustee established a Limited Partnership under the name of PRF (Guernsey) LP (the 'Partnership'), registered as a limited partnership in Guernsey under the Limited Partnerships (Guernsey) Law, 1995. The General Partner is solely responsible for the conduct and management of the business of the Partnership. The purpose of the Partnership was to carry on the business of an investment holding vehicle in order to make and distribute value from investments. On 28 June 2021, pursuant to section 30(8)(a) of The Limited Partnerships (Guernsey) Law, 1995, PRF (Guernsey) LP (the 'Partnership') was dissolved.

On 27 February 2020, pursuant to section 6(2) of the Trusts (Guernsey) Law, 2007, the Manager and the Trustee established the PRF Bedford Unit Trust ('Bedford Trust'). The objective of the Bedford Trust is to acquire, hold, lease, realise and deal in real estate in the UK.

On 31 March 2022, pursuant to section 6(2) of the Trusts (Guernsey) Law, 2007, the Manager and the Trustee established the PRF Hayes Unit Trust ('Hayes Trust'). The objective of the Hayes Trust is to acquire, hold, lease, realise and deal in real estate in the UK.

The Bedford Trust and the Hayes Trust together are referred as the 'Sub-Trusts' throughout the Unaudited Consolidated Interim Financial Statements.

The Fund has 100% direct ownership of Bedford Trust and Hayes Trust. The Unaudited Consolidated Interim Financial Statements therefore consist of the Fund and the Sub-Trusts. The Fund and the Sub-Trusts are collectively referred to as the 'Fund'.

All issued redeemable units have been admitted to the official listing of The International Stock Exchange ('TISE') since 9 February 2007.

On 15 November 2023, a resolution was passed to commence an orderly wind up of the Fund resulting in cessation of the issue and redemption of units in the Trust.

2. Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied during the year unless otherwise stated

2.1 Basis of preparation

Statement of compliance

The consolidated interim financial statements of the Fund have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as adopted by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB') and applicable legal and regulatory requirements of The Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008. The consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for investment properties which are carried at fair value.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the Manager to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in Note 5.

In the current year, the Fund has adopted all the applicable new and revised standards and interpretations issued by the IASB and the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC") of the IASB that are relevant to its operations and effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2023. The adoption of the standards and interpretations has not had a significant impact on the content or presentation of the consolidated financial statements; refer to below for additional consideration.

The consolidated interim financial statements of the Fund incorporate the financial statements of the Sub-Trusts, which are entities controlled by the Fund as at 30 September 2023. Control is achieved when the Fund is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee.

The results of the Sub-Trusts are included in the consolidated financial statements of the Fund.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated on consolidation. Where necessary, accounting policies of subsidiaries are changed to ensure consistency of accounting policies throughout the Group.

For the six months ended 30 September 2023

- 2. Accounting policies (continued)
- 2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

Statement of compliance (continued)

Sub-Trusts

The following table details the subsidiaries owned by the Fund as at 30 September 2023.

Entity	Country of incorporation	Effective ownership	Activity	Registered address
PRF Bedford Unit Trust	Guernsey	100%	To acquire, hold, lease, realise and deal in real estate in the UK.	11 New Street, St Peter Port, GUERNSEY GY1 2PF
PRF Hayes Unit Trust	Guernsey	100%	To acquire, hold, lease, realise and deal in real estate in the UK.	11 New Street, St Peter Port, GUERNSEY GY1 2PF

New IFRS accounting standards and interpretations

Amendments to IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements - Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current

In the current year, a number of amendments to IFRS has been issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) that are mandatorily effective for an accounting period that begins on or after 1 January 2023. The following new standards issued during the year are not deemed to have a material impact:

- Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2: Disclosure of Accounting Policies;
- Amendments to IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements; Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current;
- Amendments to IAS 8 Accounting policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors: Definition of Accounting Estimates;
- Amendments to IAS 12 Income Taxes: Deferred Taxes related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a single Transaction and changes to Pillar two model rules: Provision of temporary mandatory relief from deferred tax accounting for top-up tax;
- Amendments to IFRS 17 Insurance contracts: Changes to increase transparency and reduce diversity in the accounting for insurance contracts; and
- Amendments to IAS 12 Income Taxes: Changes to provide a temporary exception to the requirements regarding deferred tax assets and liabilities related to pillar two income taxes.

New, relevant standards, interpretations and amendments in issue but not yet effective for the financial year beginning 1 April 2023

- Amendments to IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements: Non-Current liabilities with Convenants.
- Amendments to IFRS 16 Leases: Amendments to clarify how a seller-lessee are subsequently measures sale and leaseback transactions.
- Amendments to IFRS 7: Insurance contracts.
- Amendments to IAS 21: Lack of exchangeability.
- ** Not endorsed

The Directors have considered the new standards, amendments and interpretations as detailed in the above table and do not plan early adoption of these standards as the Directors do not expect the standards to have a material/ significant impact to the consolidated financial statements.

2.2 Revenue and other income

Lease income is recognised over the lease term on a straight-line basis, unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which use benefit derived from the leased asset is diminished. Rental revenues are accounted for on an accrual basis. Therefore, deferred revenue generally represents advance payments from tenants. Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Fund and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably.

Interest income is accounted for on an accruals basis. Interest income relates only to interest on bank balances.

2.3 Expenses

All expenses are accounted for on an accrual basis and include those of the Administrators, the Manager and the Directors. All expenses have been presented as operating items except as follows:

Expenses which are incidental to the acquisition of an investment property are included within the cost of that investment property as well as costs incurred subsequently in any major redevelopment when it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the redevelopment will flow to the entity, and the cost of it can be measured reliably.

For the six months ended 30 September 2023

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Operating profit/(loss)

Operating profit/(loss) include net gains and losses on revaluation of investment properties as well as rental income, as reduced by administrative expenses and property operating costs and excludes finance costs and finance income.

2.5 Taxation

The Fund is exempt from taxation under the terms of the Income Tax (Exempt Bodies) (Guernsey) Ordinance 2012 and pays an annual fee of £1,200 (2022: £1,200). This amount is included within Administration expenses under regulatory and registration fees.

As at 1 June 2021, the Fund has become a Baker Trust and so is transparent for the purposes of UK tax on income. In order to receive distributions net of UK income tax, each investor has been asked to confirm that they are UK tax resident or to obtain approval from HMRC to receive distributions gross of UK income tax. Each investor will be responsible for reporting distributions received from the Fund in their own tax returns.

The Fund expects to be land rich for the purposes of UK tax on capital gains. The Fund has made an Exemption Election under the terms of schedule 5AAA of TCGA 1992 for the purpose of UK tax on capital gains.

The Fund is relieved from Annual Tax on Enveloped Dwellings as the properties are available for rent in the course of a qualifying property rental business

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that the underlying tax loss or deductible temporary difference will be utilised against future taxable income. This is assessed based on the Fund's forecast of future operating results, adjusted for significant non-taxable income and expenses and specific limits on the use of any unused tax loss or credit. The Fund does not recognise deferred tax for its tax losses.

The extent to which deferred tax assets can be recognised is based on an assessment of the probability that future taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and tax loss carry-forwards can be utilised.

2.6 Investment properties

Investment properties are initially recognised at cost, including related transaction costs. Subsequently, investment properties are stated at their fair value at the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position date. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment properties are included in the Consolidated Statement of Total Comprehensive Income for the year in which they arise. Gains or losses arising on sale of investment properties represent the difference between the fair value of the consolidated Statement of disposal costs) and the cost of the assets disposed and are recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Total Comprehensive Income in the year in which they arise.

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The fair values of The Residence, Lurke Street, Bedford and Boleyn Court, Botwell Lane, Hayes have been determined based on valuations performed by accredited independent valuers, Montagu Evans LLP. For quarterly reporting, internal valuation models are used to value the investment properties.

Subsequent expenditure is charged to the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Fund and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are charged to the Statement of Total Comprehensive Income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Investment properties for which there is a committed plan to sell are marketed at the year end and for which the sale is anticipated to complete within one year of the accounting reference date are classified as Investment Properties held for sale (Note 13).

2.7 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is recognised in the Fund's Consolidated Statement of Financial Position when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are accounted for at trade date, i.e. the date that the Fund commits itself to purchase or sell the asset. Financial liabilities are derecognised if the Fund's obligations, specified in the contract, expire or are discharged or cancelled. Financial assets are derecognised if the Fund's contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial assets expire or are extinguished.

Under IFRS 9, on initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at:

- Amortised cost:
- Fair value through other comprehensive income ('FVOCI') debt investment;
- FVOCI equity investment; or
- Fair value through profit or loss ('FVTPL').

The classification of financial assets under IFRS 9 is generally based on the business model in which a financial asset is managed and its contractual cash flow characteristics. The Fund only has financial assets that are measured at amortised cost.

For the six months ended 30 September 2023

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.7 Financial instruments (continued)

(a) Financial assets at amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding

Financial assets at amortised cost are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributed to its acquisition, unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component which is initially measured at its transaction price.

These assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The amortised cost is reduced by impairment losses as detailed below.

Fair values of financial assets at amortised cost, which are determined for disclosure purposes, are calculated based on the present value of future principal and interest cash flows, discounted at the market rate of interest at the reporting date only if the discounting is material.

(a)(i) Receivables

Receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They arise principally through deposits on account with landlords (e.g. trade and other receivables and rent deposits), but also incorporate other types of contractual monetary assets.

Trade and other receivables are classified at amortised cost using the effective interest.

(a)(ii) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried at cost and comprise cash in current accounts, demand deposits and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Impairment of financial assets held at amortised cost

IFRS 9 has introduced the expected credit loss ("ECL") model which brings forward the timing of impairments.

Under IFRS 9 for trade receivables, including lease receivables, the Fund has applied the simplified model as the trade receivables all have a maturity of less than one year and do not contain a significant financing component. Under the simplified approach the requirement is to always recognise lifetime ECL. Under the simplified approach practical expedients are available to measure lifetime ECL but forward looking information must still be incorporated. Under the simplified approach there is no need to monitor significant increases in credit risk and entities will be required to measure lifetime expected credit losses at all times. The Directors consider that a significant movement would be required to the credit quality of the lessees to increase the ECL.

The Directors have concluded that any ECL on the lease receivables would be highly immaterial to the consolidated financial statements following consideration of:

- the historical payment history of the lessees which have always been met in accordance with the lease agreement terms
- the ability of the lessees to pay their outstanding amounts.
 the collateral being held in the form of a security deposit for each lease which can be utilised should there be any payment defaults.

Other receivables are immaterial to the consolidated financial statements and therefore no assessment of the ECL has been completed.

(b) Financial liabilities at amortised cost

(b)(i) Trade and other payables

Trade payables and other short-term monetary liabilities (e.g. deferred revenue) are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. The effect of discounting on these financial instruments is not considered to be material.

(b)(ii) Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value net of attributable transaction costs incurred. Such liabilities are subsequently stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The effect of discounting on these financial instruments is not considered to be material.

The effective interest rate method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or liability and of allocating interest income and expense over relevant periods. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts or payments (including all fees on points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset or liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Fund has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the financial position date.

For the six months ended 30 September 2023

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.7 Financial instruments (continued)

(b) Financial liabilities at amortised cost (continued)

(b)(iii) Redeemable Units

The Fund issues redeemable units, which are redeemable at the holder's option and are classified as Financial Liabilities. Subject to certain restrictions which can be enforced per the Scheme Particulars, redeemable units can be put back to the Fund at any time for cash equal to a proportionate unit of the Fund's net asset value.

Redeemable units are issued and redeemed at the holder's option at prices based on the Fund's net asset value per unit at the time of issue or redemption. The Fund's net asset value per unit is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to the holders of the redeemable units by the total number of outstanding redeemable units. In accordance with the provisions of the Fund's regulations, investment positions are valued based on the last traded market price for the purpose of determining the net asset value per unit for subscriptions and redemptions.

In net inflow quarters, the Subscription Price and Redemption Price or Special Redemption Price, as the case may be, of the Units will be based on the Vacant Possession Value and the spread between the Subscription Price and Redemption Prices or Special Redemption Prices, as the case may be, will be approximately 1 per cent. In net outflow quarters the Redemption Price will be based on an adjustment to the Net Asset Value for those properties that would need to be sold at market value to meet the net outflow less sale costs. The properties that would be sold to meet the net outflow, and accordingly to be valued at a price that reflects the ability to sell immediately, will be at the Manager's discretion. This would have the effect of significantly widening the spread between the Subscription Price and Redemption Prices. The benefit of any spread will be retained for the benefit of the Fund and remaining investors.

On 15 November 2023, a resolution was passed to commence an orderly wind up of the Fund resulting in cessation of the issue and redemption of units in the Trust.

(c) Fair value measurement hierarchy

This note explains the judgements and estimates made determining the fair values of the Financial Instruments and non-financial assets and liabilities that are recognised at fair value in the consolidated financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Fund has classified its financial and non-financial assets and liabilities into the three levels prescribed under the accounting standards.

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices).
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs).

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the financial instruments and non financial assets and liabilities are categorised and determined on the basis of the lowest input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Financial assets and financial liabilities are classified in their entirety into one of the three levels.

The following table presents the Fund's financial and non financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value at 30 September 2023 by level of their fair value hierarchy.

	Level 1 & 2	Level 3	Total
	£	£	£
Non-financial assets:			
Investment properties		14,030,000	14,030,000
Total		14,030,000	14,030,000
The following table presents the Fund's financial and non financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value	at 31 March 2023 by level of th Level 1 & 2 £	eir fair value hierarchy. Level 3 £	Total £
Non-financial assets:			
Investment properties		14,030,000	14,030,000
Total		14,030,000	14,030,000

The fair values of The Residence, Lurke Street, Bedford and Boleyn Court, Botwell Lane, Hayes have been determined based on valuations performed by accredited independent valuers, Montagu Evans LLP. Valuations at the year end were based on current prices in an active market at date of valuations (see note 5.1). For quarterly reporting, internal valuation models are used to value the investment properties.

The following table presents the changes in Level 3 instruments for the years ended 30 September 2023 and 31 March 2023.

	Investment properties	
	£	£
Opening balance 1 April 2022 Cost capitalised Net fair value gain on investment properties Closing balance 31 March 2023	13,397,000 39,013 593,987 14,030,000	13,397,000 39,013 593,987 14,030,000

For the six months ended 30 September 2023

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.7 Financial instruments (continued)

(c) Fair value measurement hierarchy (continued)

	Investment properties	
	£	£
Opening balance 1 April 2023 Cost capitalised Net fair value loss on investment properties Closing balance 30 September 2023	14,030,000 41,853 (41,853) 14,030,000	14,030,000 41,853 (41,853) 14,030,000

There have been no transfers between levels during the year.

2.8 Functional and presentation currency

The functional and presentation currency is Sterling. The Manager considers Sterling the currency that most faithfully represents the economic effect of the underlying transactions, events and conditions. Sterling is the currency in which the Fund measures its performance and reports its results, as well as the currency in which it receives subscriptions from its investors.

3. Going Concern

The Directors deem it appropriate to adopt a basis other than going concern in preparing the consolidated interim financial statements given the fact they intend to wind up the Fund, consequently, all assets and liabilities have been classified as current, refer to note 25 for further details. The Directors believe that the Fund has sufficient resources available to meet its wind-down costs and day-to-day running costs.

4. Financial instruments risk exposure and management

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including income risk, cash flow and fair value interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The financial risks relate to the following financial instruments: trade and other receivables, restricted cash, rent deposits, cash and cash equivalents, trade and other payables and borrowings. The accounting policies in respect of these financial instruments are described in Note 2.

The Fund's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of property markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Fund's financial performance.

4.1 Market risk

(i) Market rental income risk

Rental income is generally affected by the overall conditions in the local economy, such as:

- growth in gross domestic product;
- employment trends;
- inflation; and
- changes in interest rates.

Changes in gross domestic product may also impact employment levels, which in turn may impact on the demand for premises. Furthermore, movements in interest rates may also affect the cost of financing for real estate companies.

Rental income may also be affected by other factors specific to the real estate market such as:

- competition from other property owners;
- the perceptions of prospective tenants of the attractiveness;
- the inability to collect rents because of bankruptcy or the insolvency of tenants or otherwise;
- the periodic need to renovate, repair and release space and the costs thereof;
- the costs of maintenance and insurance; and
- increased operating costs.

The Manager aims to minimise the risk through careful selection and thorough due diligence on prospective properties and tenants.

(ii) Currency risk

The Fund is not exposed to currency risk as all assets and liabilities are denominated in Sterling and all income and expenses are transacted in Sterling.

For the six months ended 30 September 2023

4. Financial instruments risk exposure and management (continued)

4.1 Market risk (continued)

(iii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

A significant portion of the Fund's financial assets and liabilities at the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position date are interest bearing. As a result, the Fund's position and cash flows are subject to significant risk due to fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates. Any cash and cash equivalents are invested at short-term market rates. This risk is linked to the Fund not being able to invest all of its committed capital or identify suitable investment opportunities which satisfy the Fund's investment objectives.

The Fund is not currently exposed to risk for the first 3 years as the interest rate is fixed. Management do not consider it necessary to utilise an interest rate cap at the current time as there is no risk of interest variation on the loans.

The amount charged to the Consolidated Statement of Total Comprehensive Income for loan and bank interest payable, including loan agreement fees, is £151,105 (30 September 2022: £170,373).

The table below summarises the Fund's exposure to interest rate risks. It includes the Fund's assets and liabilities at fair values, categorised by the earlier of contractual re-pricing or maturity dates.

At 30 September 2023	Interest bearing fixed	Interest bearing variable	Non-interest bearing	Total
	£	£	£	£
Assets			204 427	204 407
Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents		843,714	284,407	284,407 843,714
Total assets		843,714	284,407	1,128,121
Liabilities				
Trade and other payables		-	282,890	282,890
Borrowings	7,890,000	<u>-</u>		7,890,000
Total liabilities	7,890,000		282,890	8,172,890
At 31 March 2023	Interest bearing fixed	Interest bearing variable	Non-interest bearing	Total
At 31 March 2023	Interest bearing fixed	•		Total £
Assets	-	variable	bearing £	£
Assets Trade and other receivables	-	variable £	bearing	£ 313,599
Assets	-	variable	bearing £	£
Assets Trade and other receivables	-	variable £	bearing £	£ 313,599
Assets Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents	-	variable £ - 788,081	\$ 313,599	£ 313,599 788,081
Assets Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents Total assets	£	variable £ - 788,081	\$ 313,599	£ 313,599 788,081 1,101,680
Assets Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents Total assets Liabilities	-	variable £ - 788,081	313,599 313,599	£ 313,599 788,081 1,101,680

The sensitivity analysis below is based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions consistent. In practice, this is unlikely to occur and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated - for example, change in interest rates and change in market values.

3	Change in interest rates (basis points) 30 September 2023	Change in interest rates (basis points) 31 March 2023	Interest bearing variable 30 September 2023	Interest bearing variable 31 March 2023	Impact on Statement of Total Comprehensive Income 30 September 2023	Impact on Statement of Total Comprehensive Income 31 March 2023
			£	£	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	50	50	843,714	788,081	4,219	3,940
		_	843,714	788,081	4,219	3,940

For the six months ended 30 September 2023

4. Financial instruments risk exposure and management (continued)

4.1 Market risk (continued)

(iv) Capital risk management

The capital of the Fund is represented by the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units. The amount of net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units can change significantly on a quarterly basis as the Fund is subject to quarterly subscriptions and redemptions. The Fund's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for unitholders and benefits to stakeholders and to maintain a strong capital base to support the development of the investment activities of the Fund.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Fund's policy is to perform the following:

- Monitor the level of quarterly subscriptions and redemptions relative to the assets it expects to be able to liquidate within the quarter and adjust the amount of distributions the Fund pays to redeemable unitholders.
- Redeem and issue new units in accordance with the constitutional documents of the Fund, which include the ability to scale back redemptions and require certain minimum holdings and subscriptions.

The Fund monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated by the Fund as total borrowings less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units as shown in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position, plus net debt. The loan to value of the charged properties (as valued by the independent valuer), in any quarter, must not exceed 65%. As at 30 September 2023, the actual loan to value is 56% (31 March 2023: 56%).

	30 September 2023	31 March 2023
	£	£
Total interest bearing borrowings	7,890,000	7,890,000
Less cash and cash equivalents	(843,714)	(788,081)
Net debt	7,046,286	7,101,919
Total capital	13,993,432	14,154,762
Gearing ratio	50.35%	50.17%

The Manager monitors and reviews the structure of the Fund's capital at and between board meetings. The review includes:

- the current gearing; and
- the current and future distribution policy.

4.2 Credit risk

Credit risk arises when a failure by counter parties to discharge their obligations could reduce the amount of future cash inflows from financial assets on hand at the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position date

The Fund's credit risk principally arises from cash and cash equivalents and credit exposures in respect of tenants and other receivables. In the event of default by an occupying tenant, the Fund will suffer a rental shortfall and incur additional costs, including legal expenses in maintaining, insuring and advertising the property until it is re-let. The Manager seeks to mitigate default risk by assessing the credit worthiness of potential and current tenants. General economic conditions may affect the financial stability of tenants and prospective tenants and/or demand for and value of real estate assets. A property advisor monitors the tenants in order to anticipate, and minimise the impact of, default by occupying tenants.

The Manager monitors the placement of cash balances on an ongoing basis. Cash held by the Fund is placed with Royal Bank of Scotland International Limited ("RBSI") which is a reputable institution and has a Fitch rating of A. In addition, client cash account held by the property manager is with Barclays Bank PLC which has a credit rating of A+.

The following table analyses the Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk. The maximum exposure is shown gross, before the effect of mitigation through the use of netting at the reporting date:

	30 September 2023	31 March 2023
	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	843,714	788,081
Trade and other receivables	284,407	313,599
Total credit risk exposure	1,128,121	1,101,680

4.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will be unable to meet its financial commitments. Investments in property are relatively illiquid, and as such the Fund aims to mitigate this risk through maintaining sufficient cash; the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities; the availability to close out market positions; and through investment in higher volume lower value property assets.

For the six months ended 30 September 2023

4. Financial instruments risk exposure and management (continued)

4.3 Liquidity risk (continued)

Once the Fund has made property investments, most of these will be illiquid. It may take considerable time to dispose of the property investments. Redemptions are subject to limitations (see note 19) to minimise liquidity risk.

The table below analyses the Fund's financial liabilities, which will be settled on a net basis, into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the Statement of Financial Position date and the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	Over 5 years
30 September 2023	£	£	£
Borrowings (i)	_	7,890,000	_
Finance cost of borrowings	346,512	464,529	
Trade and other payables	282,890	· -	-
	629,402	8,354,529	-
	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	Over 5 years
	£	£	£
31 March 2023 Borrowings (i)	-	7,890,000	_
Finance cost of borrowings	344,999	602,983	-
Trade and other payables	166,525	· -	-
• •	511,524	8,492,983	-

(i) For an explanation of the contractual maturities of the borrowings please refer to Note 17.

5. Critical accounting estimates and judgments

5.1 Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The Directors make estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment are:

Fair value of investment property

The method for establishing fair value was amended as part of the adoption of the revised Scheme Particulars approved by unitholders on the change in management of the Fund on 24 September 2019.

Investment properties are stated at fair value and are valued independently by accredited independent valuers at year end (formerly a rolling quarterly basis). For quarterly reporting, internal valuation models are used to value the investment properties, based on opinions and estimates applied by the Manager in accordance with the Scheme Particulars.

The year end valuation of Bedford and Hayes properties have been prepared in accordance with the Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors (RICS) Valuation - Global Standards January 2020.

The fair values of investment properties at year end are based on valuations provided as described above. These values are determined by using recognised valuation techniques and taking into consideration any recent market transactions for similar properties in similar locations to the investment properties held by the Fund.

Assumptions and valuation models used by professionally-qualified property valuers are typically market related, such as comparable sales adjusted to reflect individual characteristics, including: location, size, outside space, condition and tenure. These are based on their professional judgement and market observation. The significant unobservable inputs used in arriving at the fair value are as follows:

- (i) current prices in an active market for properties of different nature, condition or location (or subject to different lease or other contracts), adjusted to reflect those differences; and
- (ii) recent prices of similar properties in less active markets, with adjustments to reflect any changes in economic conditions since the date of the transactions that occurred at those prices.

The fair values of investment properties at 30 September 2023 are disclosed on page 6 and in note 13.

5.2 Critical judgements

Going Concern

The Directors deem it appropriate to adopt a basis other than going concern in preparing the consolidated interim financial statements given the fact they intend to wind up the Fund, consequently, all assets and liabilities have been classified as current, refer to note 25 for further details. The Directors believe that the Fund has sufficient resources available to meet its wind-down costs and day-to-day running costs.

For the six months ended 30 September 2023

6. Segment information

Operating Segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Directors of the Manager of the Fund. The Chief Operating Decision Maker ('CODM'), which is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Directors of the Manager.

The Fund is organised into one main business segment, focusing on achieving long-term total returns through acquisition, refurbishment and holding predominantly residential property interests. The Fund's secondary segment is the geographical segment, based on the one main location of the investments, UK wide with focus on key urban centres. The Fund previously focused on investment located in Prime Central London.

Additional information on the total fair value of the segment and equivalent percentages of the total value of the Fund can be found in the Property Portfolio Statement on page 6.

The operating segments derive their revenue primarily from rental income from lessees. The investment properties, in relation to the income received, are located throughout the UK with focus on key urban centres.

7. Taxation	30 September 2023	30 September 2022
Current Tax UK tax on rental profits for the year		- -
Reconciliation of tax charge	30 September 2023 £	30 September 2022 £
Loss before tax	(94,644)	(572,112)
UK tax at a rate of 19% (2022: 19%) Effects of	(17,982)	(108,701)
Gain/(loss) from fair value adjustment of operating assets held at valuation Taxable loss carried forward Tax expense for the year	7,952 10,030 -	91,446 17,255 -

No deferred tax on losses has been recognised due to uncertainty over future taxable profits against which the losses could be utilised. As per UK corporation tax, losses made from a property business can be carried forward to future accounting periods, the losses will be set off against any future potential gains or profits. There is no limit to the number of years which the losses can be carried forward.

As a result of the Finance Act 2022, the rate of corporation tax has been increased from 19% to 20% for periods beginning 01 April 2022.

8. Revenue	30 September 2023 £	30 September 2022 £
Gross lease payments collected	414,920	379,953
Other income	431 415,351	379,953
The Fund leases its investment properties under operating leases.		

9. Property operating expenses

Tabled below are the amounts of property operating expenses arising from investment properties that generated rental income during the year:

Income generating expenses	30 September 2023 £	30 September 2022 £
Agent fees	-	15,198
Insurance costs	26,007	27,067
Property expenses	129,001	3,161
	155,008	45,426
10. Administrative expenses	30 September 2023	30 September 2022
	£	£
Manager's fees (refer to Note 20)	45,833	107,112
Legal and professional fees	43,068	57,246
Administration fees (refer to Note 21)	22,500	21,250
Audit fees	16,500	25,250
Directors' remuneration (refer to Note 20)	20,041	18,945
Trustee's fees (refer to Note 21)	10,000	10,000
Consultancy fees	5,100	10,000
·	•	3,282
Listing fees	3,379	,
Registration and regulatory fees	1,890	1,750
Sundry expenses	383	274
Bank charges	125	84
	168,819	255,207

### International ### Internat	11. Finance income	30 September 2023 £	30 September 2022
### Revision arrangement fees Charges on hear's bornowings** **Charters on bank bornowings concrise interest expense to Secure Trust Bank (STB) **Charters on bank bornowings concrise interest expense to Secure Trust Bank (STB) **Charters on bank bornowings concrise interest expense to Secure Trust Bank (STB) **To Avanters on bank bornowings concrise interest expenses to Secure Trust Bank (STB) **To Avanters on bank bornowings concrise interest expenses to Secure Trust Bank (STB) **To Avanters on bank bornowings concrise interest expenses to Secure Trust Bank (STB) **To Avanters on bank bornowings concrise interest expenses **To Avanters on bank bornowings concrises interest expenses **To Avanters on bank bornowings concrises interest expenses **To Avanters on bank bornowings concrises interest expenses **To Avanter on Bank (STB) **To Avanter on B	Bank interest received		
Part			
### Desiration amangement feed Changes on bank bornowings** **Changes on bank bornowings** *	12. Finance costs		30 September 2022
Amongs on bank borrowings* 19,846			
The Catagos on bank borrowings comprise interest expense to Secure Trust Bank (STB) 13. Investment properties 13. Investment properties 14. 14.000,000 13. 13. March 2022 14. 14.000,000 14. 14.000 14. 14. 14. 14. 14. 14. 14. 14. 14. 14.			
1. Investment properties Fair value at the beginning of the year Coats capitalised Fair value at the beginning of the year Coats capitalised Fair value at the beginning of the year Coats capitalised Fair value at the beginning of the year 14,000,000 15,000 16,000 17,000 17,000 17,000 17,000 17,000 17,000 17,000 17,000 18,000	Charges on bank bonowings		
### Part value at the beginning of the year Coats capablated Part value at the beginning of the year Coats capablated Part value at the beginning of the year Coats capablated Part value at the beginning of the year Coats capablated Part value at the beginning of the year Coats capablated Part value at the part of the period Part value at the end of th	** Charges on bank borrowings comprise interest expense to Secure Trust Bank ('STB')		
Fair value at the beginning of the year Colles capitalised Colles capi	13. Investment properties	•	
March and under properties			
Media 1998			
The fair values of The Residence, Lurke Street, Bedford and Boleyn Court, Borwell Lane, Hayes have been determined based on valuations performed by accredited independent valuers, Montage Evans LLP. For quarterly reporting, internal valuation models are used to value the investment properties. The Bedford property and Hayes propeny are held on freehold. Details of properties provided as securities for bank loans are in Note 17. 14. Trade and other receivables 15. Trade receivables 15. Trade receivables 15. Trade and other payables 15.	Net fair value (loss)/gain on investment properties		593,987
Face Lange For quanterly reporting, internal valuation models are used to value the investment properties.	Fair value at the end of the period	14,030,000	14,030,000
1. Trade and other receivables 30 September 2023 31 March 2022 £ E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E	The fair values of The Residence, Lurke Street, Bedford and Boleyn Court, Botwell Lane, Hayes have been determine Evans LLP. For quarterly reporting, internal valuation models are used to value the investment properties.	ed based on valuations performed by accredited inde	pendent valuers, Montagu
Trade receivables 173,478 15,588 15,789 15,789 15,789 15,789 173,478 15,589 15,779 177,900	The Bedford property and Hayes property are held on freehold. Details of properties provided as securities for bank loans	are in Note 17.	
Trade receivables Sundry debtor Prepayments Sundry debtor Sundry Sundr	14. Trade and other receivables	•	
Sundry debetr 110,029 117,004 120,005			
Prepayments 102.491 114.386 388.898 428.566 388.898 428.566 388.898 428.566 388.898 428.566 388.898 428.566		•	
15. Trade and other payables 30 September 2023 31 March 2022			
Page			
State Stat	15. Trade and other payables	30 September 2023	31 March 2023
Management fees' (refer to Note 20) 81,781 35,944 Judit fees 16,500 33,000 Director fees payable 10,000 16,404 Administration fees 35,625 13,125 Trustees fees (refer to Note 21) 15,000 5,000 Payable to Pinnacle Investment Holding Limited (PIHL') (refer to Note 20(vi)) 2,270 2,277 Deposit payable by the manager 30,000 1,000 Listing fees 30,000 1,000 16. Deferred revenue 30 September 2023 31 March 2023 € € € Rent received in advance 59,527 69,186 Rent received in advanced comprises £29,207 (31 March 2023: £40,101) relating to PRF Bedford Unit Trust and £30,320 (31 March 2023: £29,088) relating to PRF Hayes Unit Trust. 17 Jest 100 17. Borrowings 30 September 2023 31 March 2023 STB Bank loans 7,890,000 7,290,000 Drawdown for the period 7,890,000 7,890,000 Closing STB loan 7,890,000 7,890,000 Closing STB loan 7,890,000 7,890,000 Closing STB		£	£
Audit fees 16,500 33,000 Director fees payable 10,000 16,400 Administration fees 35,625 13,125 Trustee's fees (refer to Note 21) 15,000 5,000 Deposit payable by the manager 30,864 1,030 Listing fees 30,864 1,030 Listing fees 30,864 1,030 16,500 30,864 1,030 Listing fees 30 September 2023 31 March 2023 Rent received in advance 59,527 69,185 Rent received in advanced comprises £29,207 (31 March 2023: £40,101) relating to PRF Bedford Unit Trust and £30,320 (31 March 2023: £29,088) relating to PRF Hayes Unit Trust. 17.890,000 7,290,000 Rent received in advanced comprises £29,207 (31 March 2023: £40,101) relating to PRF Bedford Unit Trust and £30,320 (31 March 2023: £29,088) relating to PRF Hayes Unit Trust. 17.890,000 7,290,000 STB Bank loan 7,890,000 7,290,000 7,290,000 7,290,000 7,290,000 7,290,000 7,290,000 7,290,000 7,290,000 7,890,000 7,890,000 7,890,000 7,890,000 7,890,000 7,890,000 7,890,000 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			
Director fees payable			
Administration fees 35,625 13,125 Trustee's fees (refer to Note 21) 15,000 5,000 Payable to Pinnacle Investment Holding Limited (PIHL') (refer to Note 20(vii)) 2,277 2,277 Deposit payable by the manager 30,864 1,033 Listing fees 30 September 2023 31 March 2022 16. Deferred revenue 59,527 69,185 Rent received in advance 59,527 69,185 Rent received in advanced comprises £29,207 (31 March 2023: £40,101) relating to PRF Bedford Unit Trust and £30,320 (31 March 2023: £29,088) relating to PRF Hayes Unit Trust. 17. Borrowings \$30 September 2023 31 March 2022 \$51B Bank loans \$2 \$2 Opening STB loan 7,890,000 7,290,000 Repayment - 4,200,000 Closing STB loan 7,890,000 7,890,000 Closing STB loan 7,890,000 7,890,000 Closing STB loan 8,002 31 March 2022 £ £ £ Depended 6,802 4,246 Closing STB loan 8,002 4,246 Closing STB loan 8,092 4,246			
Tursles' fees (refer to Note 21) 15,000 5,000 Payable to Prinnacle Investment Holding Limited (PIHL) (refer to Note 20(vi)) 2,270 2,270 Deposit payable by the manager 30,864 1,030 Listing fees 30,800 1,000 16. Deferred revenue 30 September 2023 31 March 2022 Rent received in advance 59,527 69,185 Rent received in advanced comprises £29,207 (31 March 2023: £40,101) relating to PRF Bedford Unit Trust and £30,320 (31 March 2023: £29,088) relating to PRF Hayes Unit Trust 1.00 17. Borrowings £ £ STB Bank loans £ £ Opening STB loan 7,890,000 7,290,000 Repayment - 4,800,000 Closing STB loan 7,890,000 7,890,000 Closing STB loan 7,890,000 7,890,000 Closing STB loan 6 4,800,000 Closing STB loan 6 6,809 31 March 2022 £ £ £ £ Dependences 6 6,809 3,800,000 Closing STB loan 6			
Deposit payable by the manager 30,864 (3.03) (3.00) (
Listing fees 3,000 1,000 282,890 166,525 16. Deferred revenue 30 September 2023 31 March 2023 £ . September 2023 51 March 2023 £ . S			
16. Deferred revenue 282,890 166,525 16. Deferred revenue 30 September 2023 31 March 2023 Rent received in advanced 59,527 69,185 Rent received in advanced comprises £29,207 (31 March 2023: £40,101) relating to PRF Bedford Unit Trust and £30,320 (31 March 2023: £29,088) relating to PRF Hayes Unit Trust. 17. Borrowings \$TB Bank loans \$\$ \$\frac{1}{2}\$\$ \$\frac{1}{2}\$\$\$ \$\frac{1}{2}\$\$ \$\frac{1}{2}\$\$ \$\frac{1}{2}\$\$ \$\frac{1}{2}\$\$ \$\frac{1}{2}			
Rent received in advance £ £ Rent received in advanced comprises £29,207 (31 March 2023: £40,101) relating to PRF Bedford Unit Trust and £30,320 (31 March 2023: £29,088) relating to PRF Hayes Unit Trust. Unit Trust. 17. Borrowings 30 September 2023 31 March 2023 STB Bank loans £ £ Opening STB loan 7,890,000 7,290,000 Repayment - (4,200,000) Drawdown for the period - 4,800,000 Closing STB loan 7,890,000 7,890,000 Closing STB loan 7,890,000 7,890,000 Closing STB loan 68,002 31 March 2023 £ £ £ Interest movements 68,002 42,460 Charge for the period 68,002 42,460 Charge for the period 138,453 243,761 Repayment for the period (136,940) (218,130)	Listing rees		
Rent received in advance 59,527 69,180 Rent received in advanced comprises £29,207 (31 March 2023: £40,101) relating to PRF Bedford Unit Trust and £30,320 (31 March 2023: £29,088) relating to PRF Hayes Unit Trust. 17. Borrowings 30 September 2023 31 March 2023 \$TB Bank loans \$\$7,890,000 7,290,000 Opening STB loan 7,890,000 7,290,000 Brepayment \$\$1,800,000 \$\$1,800,000 Closing STB loan 7,890,000 7,890,000 Closing STB loan 7,890,000 7,890,000 Closing STB loan \$\$10 September 2023 31 March 2023 Interest movements \$\$6,092 42,460 Opening balance 68,092 42,460 Charge for the period 138,453 243,761 Repayment for the period (136,940) (218,130)	16. Deferred revenue	•	
Rent received in advanced comprises £29,207 (31 March 2023: £40,101) relating to PRF Bedford Unit Trust and £30,320 (31 March 2023: £29,088) relating to PRF Hayes Unit Trust. 17. Borrowings 30 September 2023 £ £ £ STB Bank loans Opening STB loan Appayment Appaymen			
17. Borrowings 30 September 2023 31 March 2023 STB Bank loans \$	Rent received in advance	59,527	69,189
30 September 2023 31 March 2023 STB Bank loans £ £ Opening STB loan 7,890,000 7,290,000 Repayment 9.00 4,200,000 Drawdown for the period 7,890,000 7,890,000 Closing STB loan 30 September 2023 31 March 2023 Interest movements £ £ Opening balance 68,092 42,460 Charge for the period 138,453 243,761 Repayment for the period (136,940) (218,130)	Rent received in advanced comprises £29,207 (31 March 2023: £40,101) relating to PRF Bedford Unit Trust and £30,320	(31 March 2023: £29,088) relating to PRF Hayes Uni	t Trust.
STB Bank loans Opening STB loan 7,890,000 7,290,000 Repayment • (4,200,000) - (4,200,000) Drawdown for the period • 7,890,000 7,890,000 Closing STB loan 30 September 2023 31 March 2023 £ £ £ Interest movements 68,092 42,460 Charge for the period 138,453 243,761 Repayment for the period (136,940) (218,130)	17. Borrowings	30 September 2023	31 March 2023
Opening STB loan 7,890,000 7,290,000 Repayment - (4,200,000) Drawdown for the period - 4,800,000 Closing STB loan 7,890,000 7,890,000 Interest movements Opening balance 68,092 42,460 Charge for the period 138,453 243,761 Repayment for the period (136,940) (218,130)	STR Pank loans	£	£
Drawdown for the period Closing STB loan — 4,800,000 7,890,000 7,890,000 7,890,000 7,890,000 7,890,000 30 September 2023 31 March 2023 £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ 2,460 £ £ 2,460 £ £ 2,460 £ £ 2,476 £ £ 2,476 £ £ £ 2,476 £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £	Opening STB loan	7,890,000	
Closing STB loan 7,890,000 7,890,000 30 September 2023 31 March 2023 £ £ £ £ Interest movements Opening balance 68,092 42,460 Charge for the period 138,453 243,761 Repayment for the period (136,940) (218,130)		<u>-</u>	
Interest movements £	Closing STB loan	7,890,000	
Interest movements Opening balance 68,092 42,460 Charge for the period 138,453 243,761 Repayment for the period (136,940) (218,130)		30 September 2023	31 March 2023
Opening balance 68,092 42,460 Charge for the period 138,453 243,761 Repayment for the period (136,940) (218,130)	Interest movements	£	£
Charge for the period 138,453 243,761 Repayment for the period (136,940) (218,130)		68.092	42.460
	Opening balance		
	Charge for the period	138,453	
	Charge for the period Repayment for the period Closing balance	138,453	

For the six months ended 30 September 2023

17. Borrowings (continued)

The maturity of borrowings is as follows:

30 September 2023 31 March 2023

Total bank loans
Payable within 1 - 5 years
Payable within 2 5 years
Payable within 3 - 5 years

Pursuant to a loan facility agreement dated 12 March 2020, the Trust borrowed £4,200,000 from Secure Trust Bank ('STB') for the purpose of financing the acquisition of The Residence, Lurke Street, Bedford. The STB borrowing was secured against The Residence, Lurke Street, Bedford. The loan bore interest at a fixed rate of 4.10% per annum with interest being charged quarterly in arrears.

Pursuant to a loan facility agreement dated 31 March 2022, the Trust borrowed an additional loan of £3,090,000 from STB for the purpose of financing the acquisition of Boleyn Court, Botwell Lane, Haves.

On 13 April 2022, the Company entered into a new £4,800,000 facility with STB and has drawn the facility in full to refinance the existing loan of £4,200,000 initially drawn for acquisition of The Residence, Lurke Street, Bedford. The new loan has a maturity date of 48 months from the date the loan is initially drawn, that is, 13 April 2026. The loan bears interest at a fixed rate of 3.50% for the first three years, and a floating rate of 1.5% plus the STB commercial lending reference rate for the fourth year subject to a minimum rate of 2.25%.

Pursuant to a loan facility agreement dated 31 March 2022, the Trust borrowed an additional loan of £3,090,000 from STB for the purpose of financing the acquisition of Boleyn Court, Botwell Lane, Haves.

The loan bears interest at a fixed rate of 3.50% for the first 3 years with interest being charged quarterly in arrears and will bear a floating rate of 1.5% plus the STB commercial lending reference rate for the fourth year subject to a minimum rate of 2.25%. The loan has a maturity date of 48 months from the date the loan is initially drawn, that is, 31 March 2026.

18. Operating lease commitments	30 September 2023 £	31 March 2023 £
Receivable within 1 year	45,528 45,528	27,000 27,000

Agreements

The tenancy agreement for The Residence, Lurke Street, Bedford (The Residence, Lurke Street, Bedford) and Boleyn Court, Hayes (Boleyn Court, Hayes) has 37 and 24 separate tenancy agreements of varying duration and annual value respectively. The total amount receivable of £45,528 (31 March 2023: £27,000) comprise of the non cancellable portion of leases that were in existence as at 31 March 2023.

* The tenants of these properties have each contributed more than 10% of the rental income during the year.

19. Units issued

All issued redeemable units are fully paid and have been admitted to the official listing of The International Stock Exchange ('TISE'). The Fund's capital is represented by these redeemable units. They are entitled to distributions and to payment of a proportionate share based on the Fund's net asset value per unit on the redemption date. As the units are redeemable at the discretion of the holder and do not carry any voting rights, the units are classified as liabilities rather than equity.

The Fund has the following specific restrictions with regards to subscriptions and redemptions of units. The minimum subscription for units is £1,000 per investor and increments of £1,000 is effective from 11 February 2009. The Manager may, at any time, declare suspension, deferral or a scale back in dealings for the purpose of redemptions so as to allow an orderly disposal of such of its assets as may be required to effect redemptions.

As per the Scheme Particulars dated 24 September 2019, subscriptions have been approved and are no longer restricted. Dealing day for subscriptions has been set to quarterly. However, in order to raise capital and build the Fund's portfolio, the Manager and the Trustee have agreed for investors to invest in the Fund by declaring a Special Dealing Day on specific dates if applications for units totalling a minimum of £100,000 have been received in respect of the relevant Special Dealing Day.

There were three redemptions during the reporting period.

The relevant movements are shown on the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units. In accordance with the objectives outlined in Note 1 and the risk management polices in Note 4, the Fund endeavours to invest the subscriptions received in appropriate investments while maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet redemptions. To determine the net asset value of the Fund for redemptions, total liabilities of the Fund are deducted from the total assets of the Fund on the relevant valuation day using the market value for investment properties. To determine the net asset value of the Fund for subscriptions, total liabilities of the Fund are deducted from total assets of the Fund on the relevant valuation day using Vacant Possession value for investment properties. The number of units in issue at 30 September 2023 is 48,582,083 units (31 March 2023: 48,661,044 units).

20. Related party transactions

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial or operational decisions or a party under common control or significant influence.

(i) Management Fees

Since the acquisition of Hayes in March 2022 the Fund has continued to source acquisition opportunities and seek the additional equity capital required to fund them. There has been a continuous slew of significant macro-economic headwinds since, both economic and political, that have significantly hampered capital raising efforts and with that the ability to acquire new assets and scale the Fund.

With a pause in acquisition activity and with no increase in unitholder value, the Board of the Manager has therefore proposed to the trustees of the Fund to reduce their fees, which they agreed to. As a result, the fees are reduced from 1.5% GAV to 0.6% GAV since 1 January 2023. This 60% reduction is temporary, until further notice, but the foregone portion of the fee is permanently waived.

For the six months ended 30 September 2023

20. Related party transactions (continued)

(i) Management Fees (continued)

As per the terms of the Trust deed the Fund pays fees to the Manager for its services to the Fund.

The charge was as follows:

Gross Asset Value of Fund (Quarterly) Management Fee calculated as percentage of Gross Asset Value £0 - £30,000,000 5.000,000 £30,000,001 - £55,000,000 1.25% £50,000,001 - £150,000,000 5.000,001 - £150,000,000 £150,000,001 or greater 0.75%

The total charge to the Consolidated Statement of Total Comprehensive Income was £45,833 (30 September 2022: £107,112). A total amount of £81,781 (31 March 2023: £35,948) outstanding at the end of the year was due to the Manager.

(ii) Options, at fair value

In addition to the Management Fee, the following options for units in the Fund have been granted to the Manager. The options are exercisable at a price in accordance with the agreements on the date of grant. The fair value of the options have been calculated using the Black-Scholes Model per below. The Model takes into consideration the following inputs: price of the stock, strike price, time to expiration, risk free interest rate, dividend yield and volatility.

Number of Options	Strike Price of Option	Vesting Date	Expiry of Option	30 September 2023 Fair value (£)	31 March 2023 Fair value (£)
500,000	£0.13 + 10%	31 January 2020	January 2022	-	-
500,000	£0.13 + 15%	31 January 2021	January 2023	-	-
750,000	£0.13 + 25%	31 January 2022	January 2024	-	-
750,000	£0.13 + 35%	31 January 2023	January 2025		<u>-</u>
					<u>-</u>

The fair value of the options as at 31 January 2023 of £Nil has been revalued in accordance with IFRS 2.

(iii) Directors of the Manager's remuneration

The Fund pays remuneration to the Directors for their services. The total charge to the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income was £20,041 (30 September 2022: £18,945). An amount of £10,000 (31 March 2023: £16,404) was payable at the end of the year.

(iv) Directors of the Manager's holdings

As at 30 September 2023, Christopher Turnbull has an interest in 666,666.667 (31 March 2023: 666,666.667) units in the Fund by way of a Self Invested Pension Plan.

As at 30 September 2020, Mr. David Turnbull, father of Christopher Turnbull had an interest in Lincoln Heights as the settlor of the Trust. On 13 March 2020, Lincoln Heights transferred to Credit Suisse London Nominees Limited. As a result, Christopher Turnbull has an indirect interest in 7,692,307.692 (31 March 2023: 7,692,307.692) units in the fund.

On 21 January 2021, Mr Ong Eng Keong (Matthew) was appointed as the Director of Pinnacle Investment Management Limited ('PIML'), the Manager. Mr Ong Eng Keong (Matthew) is also the CEO ('Chief Executive Officer') of SLB Starcap Pte. Ltd, the shareholder of PIML and has an interest in 15,384,615.385 (31 March 2023: 15,384,615.385) units in the Fund.

(v) Investment Advisory fees

Pinnacle Investments (Holdings) Limited ('PIHL') is the Investment Advisor. No investment advisor fees are reflected in the consolidated financial statements as no direct charge was incurred by the Fund.

(vi) Payables to PIHL

An amount of £2,270 (31 March 2023: £2,270) was outstanding to PIHL as at 30 September 2023.

(vii) Payables to Pinnacle Investment Manager Limited

As at 30 September 2023, an amount of £11,445 relating to director fees for Phil Clark was paid on behalf of the Fund.

For the six months ended 30 September 2023

21. Material contracts

(i) Administrator's fees

The Fund pays fees to the Administrator for the following services: accounting, administration and compliance of the Fund. As per the Scheme Particulars dated 24 September 2019, the Administrator has agreed with the Manager to charge a fee, payable quarterly in arrears by the Fund at the rates below, subject to a minimum fee of £40,000 per annum. These are detailed below:

- for Net Asset Values of less than £100 million, 0.1 per cent. of Net Asset Value per annum; and
- for Net Asset Values greater than £100 million, 0.08 per cent. of Net Asset Value per annum

The Administrator is also entitled to be reimbursed in respect of expenses incurred in connection with the performance of its services including but not limited to facsimile, courier and long distance telephone charges.

The total charge to the Consolidated Statement of Total Comprehensive Income for the period ended 30 September 2023 was £22,500 (30 September 2022: £21,250). As at the end of the period, an amount of £35,625 (31 March 2023: £13,125) was outstanding.

(ii) Registrar fees

The Administrator was appointed as the Registrar and under the new administration agreement fees for this service are included as part of the administration fees. Refer to administrator fees note above for details.

(iii) Trustee's fees

The Fund pays fees to the Trustee for its services as trustee of the Fund. The trustee fee is payable quarterly in arrears, at the rate of 0.08% per annum of the Net Asset Value of the Fund, subject to an annual minimum fee of £20,000 (or such higher percentages or amounts as may from time to time be agreed between the Manager and the Trustee). The Trustee will also receive a transaction fee for each investment transaction charged on a time spent basis.

During the period, the total charge to the Consolidated Statement of Total Comprehensive Income was £10,000 (30 September 2022: 10,000). An amount of £15,000 (31 March 2023: £5,000) was due to the Trustee at the end of the period.

(iv) Trustee oversight fees

During the period, the consultancy fee paid amounted to £5,100 (30 September 2022: £10,014). As at the period end, £17,850 (31 March 2023: £12,750) was outstanding to Aspida Group Limited.

22 (a). Earnings per share

	30 September 2023 £	30 September 2022 £
Loss for the year	(94,644)	(572,112)
Weighted average number of units in issue	48,620,912	48,755,987
Loss per unit	(0.19) pence	(1.17) pence
22 (b). Diluted earnings per share		
	30 September 2023	30 September 2022
	£	£
Loss for the year	(94,644)	(572,112)
Weighted average number of units in issue	48,620,912	48,755,987
Dilute loss per unit	(0.19) pence	(1.17) pence

A weighted average number of units in issue was calculated to enable users to gain a fairer understanding of the earnings generated per unit through the year. The weighted average number of shares is calculated by taking the number of outstanding shares and multiplying the portion of the reporting period those shares covered and hence their ability to influence income generated. As at 31 March 2023 and 2022, the options did not have a dilutive effect since the strike price was greater than the Net Asset Value per unit.

23. Controlling party

Due to the nature of the ownership of the units, the Directors believe that there is no ultimate controlling party.

24. Reconciliations	30 September 2023	31 March 2023
(i) Reconciliation to subscription and redemption price	Ľ	L
Net asset value per Statement of Financial Position Reconciling items	6,947,146	7,052,843
Net asset value per valuation	6,947,146	7,052,843
	30 September 2023	31 March 2023
Dealing Net Asset Value per unit for valuation purposes	14.30 pence	14.49 pence

25. Post statement of financial position events

On 15 November 2023, a resolution was passed to commence an orderly wind up of the Fund resulting in cessation of the issue and redemption of units in the Trust. The assets are being prepared for sale in order to both maximise value to unitholders and return capital in a timely fashion.

There are no other post balance sheet events which are material to the Company for adjustment or disclosure at the date on which these financial statements are prepared and approved.